HAMILTON COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020



Board Members and Superintendent

During the 2019-20 fiscal year, Rex L. Mitchell served as Superintendent of the Hamilton County Schools and the following individuals served as School Board Members:

	District No.	
Cheryl McCall	1	
Gary Godwin	2	
Saul Speights, Vice Chair	3	
Johnny Bullard, Chair	4	
Sammy McCoy	5	

The Auditor General conducts audits of governmental entities to provide the Legislature, Florida's citizens, public entity management, and other stakeholders unbiased, timely, and relevant information for use in promoting government accountability and stewardship and improving government operations.

The audit was supervised by Glenda K. Hart, CPA.

Please address inquiries regarding this report to Edward A. Waller, CPA, Audit Manager, by e-mail at tedwaller@aud.state.fl.us or by telephone at (850) 412-2887.

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HAMILTON COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page No.
SUMMARY	. i
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	
Report on the Financial Statements	. 1
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards	. 3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Activities	. 12
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	. 18
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	20
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Funds	21
Notes to Financial Statements	22
OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General and Major Special Revenue Funds	48
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	50
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan	50
Schedule of District Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan	50
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan	51
Schedule of District Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan	51
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	51
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	53
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	54

HAMILTON COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	Page No.
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	56
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	59
PRIOR AUDIT FOLLOW-UP	60
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS	60

SUMMARY

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our audit disclosed that the basic financial statements of the Hamilton County District School Board (District) were presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with prescribed financial reporting standards.

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

Our audit did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON FEDERAL AWARDS

We audited the District's compliance with applicable Federal awards requirements. The Child Nutrition Cluster was audited as a major Federal program. The results of our audit indicated that the District materially complied with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the Child Nutrition Cluster.

AUDIT OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE

Our audit objectives were to determine whether the School Board and its officers with administrative and stewardship responsibilities for District operations:

- Presented the District's basic financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- Established and implemented internal control over financial reporting and compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements or on the District's major Federal program; and
- Complied with the various provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements that are material to the financial statements, and those applicable to the District's major Federal program.

The scope of this audit included an examination of the District's basic financial statements and the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We obtained an understanding of the District's environment, including its internal control, and assessed the risk of material misstatement necessary to plan the audit of the basic financial statements and Federal awards. We also examined various transactions to determine whether they were executed, in both manner and substance, in accordance with governing provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

AUDIT METHODOLOGY

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; applicable standards contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.

Report No. 2021-150 March 2021



AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hamilton County District School Board, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the school internal funds, which represent 17 percent and 66 percent, respectively, of the assets and liabilities of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements, which were prepared on the cash basis, a special purpose framework, were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us. We have applied audit procedures on the conversion adjustments to the financial statements of the school internal funds, which conform those financial statements to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the school internal funds, prior to these conversion adjustments, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance

about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the school internal funds were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hamilton County District School Board, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General and Major Special Revenue Funds, Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Florida Retirement System Pension Plan, Schedule of District Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan, Schedule of District Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan, and Notes to Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

> Report No. 2021-150 March 2021

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS**, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS** is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS** is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 11, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA Tallahassee, Florida

March 11, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the Hamilton County District School Board has prepared the following discussion and analysis to provide an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The information contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to highlight significant transactions, events, and conditions and should be considered in conjunction with the District's financial statements and notes to financial statements found immediately following the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2019-20 fiscal year are as follows:

- As of June 30, 2020, the assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$37,180,489.
- In total, net position decreased \$2,483,447, which represents a 6.3 percent decrease from the 2018-19 fiscal year.
- General revenues total \$18,986,722, or 91.2 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions total \$1,841,931, or 8.8 percent of all revenues.
- Expenses total \$23,312,100. Only \$1,841,931 of these expenses was offset by program specific revenues.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund totals \$2,816,961, which is \$1,140,423 more than the prior fiscal year balance. The General Fund assigned and unassigned fund balances total \$1,980,104, or 13 percent of total General Fund revenues.
- The total debt increased by \$850,163, or 115 percent, mainly because the District entered into an installment-purchase agreement for the purchase of seven school buses.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements; (2) fund financial statements; and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional details to support the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial condition in a manner similar to those of a private-sector business. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities that are designed to provide consolidated financial information about the governmental activities of the District presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The statement of net position provides information about the District's financial position, its assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, using an economic resources measurement focus. Assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, which is a measure of the District's financial health. The statement of activities presents information about the change in the District's net position, the results of operations, during the fiscal year. An increase or decrease in net position is an indication of whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

Report No. 2021-150 March 2021 All of the District's activities and services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. The District's governmental activities include instruction, student support services, instructional support services, administrative support services, facility maintenance, transportation, and food services. Property taxes and State revenues finance most of these activities. Additionally, all capital and debt financing activities are reported as governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are one of the components of the basic financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and prudent fiscal management. Certain funds are established by law while others are created by legal agreements, such as bond covenants. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's financial activities, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds rather than fund types. This is in contrast to the entitywide perspective contained in the government-wide statements. All of the District's funds may be classified within one of the broad categories discussed below.

<u>Governmental Funds</u>: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds. The District's major funds are the General Fund, Special Revenue – Other Fund, and Capital Projects – Local Capital Improvement Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General and major Special Revenue Funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity for the benefit of external parties, such as student activity funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources are not available to support the District's own

programs. In its fiduciary capacity, the District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes.

The District uses agency funds to account for resources held for student activities and groups.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the District's total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and net pension liabilities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial health. The following is a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2020, compared to net position as of June 30, 2019:

Net Position, End of Year

Governmental

	Activities				
	6-30-20	6-30-19			
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 4,508,957.93 44,584,427.38	\$ 4,452,578.31 47,021,978.58			
Total Assets	49,093,385.31	51,474,556.89			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,674,609.00	3,915,498.00			
Long-Term Liabilities Other Liabilities	13,458,734.00 481,459.64	11,361,521.00 2,293,554.49			
Total Liabilities	13,940,193.64	13,655,075.49			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,647,312.00	2,071,044.00			
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	42,993,264.38 2,025,529.70 (7,838,305.41)	46,280,978.58 1,024,923.92 (7,641,967.10)			
Total Net Position	\$ 37,180,488.67	\$ 39,663,935.40			

The largest portion of the District's net position is investment in capital assets (e.g., land; buildings; furniture, fixtures, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources used to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The deficit unrestricted net position was primarily the result of accruing \$10,256,231 in net pension liability.

The key elements of the changes in the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, and June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Operating Results for the Fiscal Year Ended

	Governmental Activities				
	6-30-20	6-30-19			
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$ 90,196.40	\$ 105,513.08			
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,625,142.25	1,429,174.02			
Capital Grants and Contributions	126,592.68	154,201.53			
General Revenues:					
Property Taxes, Levied for Operational Purposes	4,480,970.37	4,080,298.79			
Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Projects Grants and Contributions Not Restricted	1,419,025.50	1,240,009.00			
to Specific Programs	12,368,346.38	12,465,743.09			
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	40,248.43	6,834.82			
Miscellaneous	678,131.71	402,005.99			
Total Revenues	20,828,653.72	19,883,780.32			
Functions/Program Expenses:					
Instruction	8,640,375.93	7,936,795.60			
Student Support Services	1,009,034.36	931,151.39			
Instructional Media Services	189,347.22	171,808.76			
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	1,165,255.09	990,383.99			
Instructional Staff Training Services	454,557.85	531,036.58			
Instruction-Related Technology	121,051.03	153,300.52			
Board	378,549.75	344,698.90			
General Administration	518,474.86	482,936.14			
School Administration	691,748.25	535,221.98			
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	459,094.50	223,764.97			
Fiscal Services	426,667.95	346,884.58			
Food Services	1,612,416.09	1,357,630.52			
Central Services	180,966.88	177,943.20			
Student Transportation Services	1,339,882.88	1,342,007.20			
Operation of Plant	1,939,983.61	1,930,472.09			
Maintenance of Plant	272,394.71	241,081.94			
Administrative Technology Services	339,245.28	280,771.05			
Community Services	818.62	5,738.40			
Unallocated Interest on Long-Term Debt	32,244.12	36,641.80			
Unallocated Depreciation Expense	1,325,012.44	1,445,402.60			
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	2,214,979.03				
Total Functions/Program Expenses	23,312,100.45	19,465,672.21			
Change in Net Position	(2,483,446.73)	418,108.11			
Net Position - Beginning	39,663,935.40	39,245,827.29			
Net Position - Ending	\$ 37,180,488.67	\$ 39,663,935.40			

The largest revenue source is the State of Florida (48.8 percent). Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily received through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funding formula. The FEFP funding formula utilizes student enrollment data and is designed to maintain equity in funding across all Florida school districts, taking into consideration the District's funding ability based on the local property tax base.

Property tax revenues increased by \$579,688, or 10.9 percent, as a result of an increase in taxable assessed values.

The District recognized a \$2,214,979 loss on disposal of capital assets in the 2019-20 fiscal year primarily due to the disposal of land, buildings, and improvements other than buildings, related to the sale of the North Hamilton Elementary School, Greenwood Elementary School, and JRE Lee (former administration building and middle school).

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the portion of fund balance that has not been limited to a particular purpose by an external party, the District, or a group or individual delegated authority by the Board to assign resources for particular purposes.

The total fund balances of governmental funds increased by \$1,868,474 during the fiscal year to \$4,027,498 at June 30, 2020. Approximately 27.2 percent of this amount is unassigned fund balance (\$1,093,705), which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, or assigned to indicate that it is (1) not in spendable form (\$88,995), (2) restricted for particular purposes (\$1,958,399), or (3) assigned for particular purposes (\$886,399).

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the District's chief operating fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance is \$1,093,705, while the total fund balance is \$2,816,961. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the total assigned and unassigned fund balances to General Fund total revenues. The total assigned and unassigned fund balance is \$1,980,104, or 13 percent of the total General Fund revenues, while total fund balance represents 18.5 percent of total General Fund revenues. Total fund balance increased by \$1,140,423 during the fiscal year. This is mainly due to a continuation of prior fiscal year cost containment measures in the General Fund, increases in property tax revenue due to an increase in the taxable value, and increases in State FEFP per student funding.

The Special Revenue – Other Fund has total revenues and expenditures of \$2,310,898 each and the funding was mainly used for instruction, instructional support services, and instructional staff training. Because grant revenues are not recognized until expenditures are incurred, this fund generally does not accumulate a fund balance.

The Capital Projects – Local Capital Improvement Fund has a total fund balance of \$633,046. These funds are restricted, in part, for the acquisition, construction, and maintenance of capital assets. Total fund balance increased by \$567,177 primarily due to an increase in property tax revenues and a reduction in debt service expenditures related to the payback of PECO Special Facilities Construction Account funding in the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the 2019-20 fiscal year, the District amended its General Fund budget several times, which resulted in a decrease in total budgeted revenues of \$81,408, or 0.5 percent. At the same time, final appropriations are less than the original budgeted amounts by \$482,209, or 3.2 percent. Budget revisions occurred primarily from changes in estimated State funding levels and corresponding adjustments to planned expenditures to ensure maintenance of an adequate fund balance.

Final budgeted revenues, expenditures and fund balances were in line with actual figures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2020, is \$44,584,427 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land; improvements other than buildings; buildings and fixed equipment; furniture, fixtures, and equipment; motor vehicles; audio visual materials and computer software. The total decrease in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 5.2 percent, primarily due to the disposal of land; improvements other than buildings; buildings; and furniture, fixtures, and equipment related to the sale of three obsolete facilities.

During the current fiscal year, the District spent \$1,094,440 from the Local Capital Improvement Fund to acquire eight new school buses. Remaining capital outlay was used to acquire various equipment and required maintenance need for District operations.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Notes I.F.4. and II.C. to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2020, the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$1,591,163, composed of bonds payable used to complete the construction on, and acquire needed equipment for, the Hamilton County Elementary School, and an installment-purchase payable used to purchase seven of the District's eight new school buses. During the current fiscal year, retirement of debt was \$76,000.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Notes II.H.1. through II.H.3. to the financial statements.

OTHER MATTERS OF SIGNIFICANCE

The District has experienced steady FTE numbers over the 2018-19 and 2019-20 fiscal years. In accordance with this stabilization, the District projected similar FTE for the 2020-21 fiscal year. With the COVID pandemic, Districts across the state are dealing with significant decreases in student enrollment

for the 2020-21 fiscal year to date. The District has prepared for such events by building reserves in the General Fund. Enrollment is increasing as the new school year progresses and the District will continue to monitor student counts and consider cost saving measures where they are perceived necessary.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning information provided in the MD&A or other required supplementary information, and financial statements and notes thereto, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Business Services, Hamilton County District School Board, 5683 US Highway 129 South, Suite 1, Jasper, Florida 32052.

Hamilton County District School Board Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,731,067.68
Accounts Receivable	36,974.65
Due from Other Agencies	651,920.63
Inventories	88,994.97
Capital Assets:	,
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	594,718.93
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	43,989,708.45
TOTAL ASSETS	49,093,385.31
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
OPEB	44,691.00
Pensions	3,629,918.00
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,674,609.00
LIABILITIES	
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	57,247.95
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	166,207.64
Accounts Payable	240,614.29
Due to Other Agencies	17,389.76
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Portion Due Within 1 Year	396,885.67
Portion Due After 1 Year	13,061,848.33
TOTAL LIABILITIES	13,940,193.64
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
OPEB	23,065.00
Pensions	1,624,247.00
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,647,312.00
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	42,993,264.38
State Required Carryover Programs	509,616.20
Capital Projects	887,076.89
Food Service	323,460.37
Other Purposes	305,376.24
Unrestricted	(7,838,305.41)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 37,180,488.67

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Hamilton County District School Board Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Program Reve			ram Revenues	
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	
Functions/Programs						
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$ 8,640,375.93	\$	765.00	\$	15,105.60	
Student Support Services	1,009,034.36		-		-	
Instructional Media Services	189,347.22		-		-	
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	1,165,255.09		-		-	
Instructional Staff Training Services	454,557.85		-		-	
Instruction-Related Technology	121,051.03		-		-	
Board	378,549.75		-		-	
General Administration	518,474.86		-		-	
School Administration	691,748.25		-		-	
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	459,094.50		-		-	
Fiscal Services	426,667.95		-		-	
Food Services	1,612,416.09		67,237.70		1,610,036.65	
Central Services	180,966.88		-		-	
Student Transportation Services	1,339,882.88		22,193.70		-	
Operation of Plant	1,939,983.61		-		-	
Maintenance of Plant	272,394.71		-		-	
Administrative Technology Services	339,245.28		-		-	
Community Services	818.62		-		-	
Unallocated Interest on Long-Term Debt	32,244.12		-		-	
Unallocated Depreciation Expense*	1,325,012.44		-		-	
Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets	2,214,979.03		-			
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 23,312,100.45	\$	90,196.40	\$	1,625,142.25	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for Operational Purposes

Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Projects

Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various functions.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		
\$	\$ (8,624,505.33) (1,009,034.36) (189,347.22) (1,165,255.09) (454,557.85) (121,051.03)		
-	(378,549.75) (518,474.86)		
120,531.74 - - - - - -	(691,748.25) (691,748.25) (338,562.76) (426,667.95) 64,858.26 (180,966.88) (1,317,689.18) (1,939,983.61) (272,394.71) (339,245.28)		
-	(818.62)		
6,060.94 - -	(26,183.18) (1,325,012.44) (2,214,979.03)		
\$ 126,592.68	\$ (21,470,169.12)		
	4,480,970.37 1,419,025.50 12,368,346.38 40,248.43 678,131.71 18,986,722.39 (2,483,446.73) 39,663,935.40		

37,180,488.67

Hamilton County District School Board Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	General Fund		Special Revenue - Other Fund		Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement Fund	
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,703,527.02	\$	_	\$	642,232.09
Accounts Receivable	•	36,652.02	•	-	·	, -
Due from Other Funds		215,311.34		-		-
Due from Other Agencies		131,038.13		327,957.69		1,426.01
Inventories		21,864.41		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,108,392.92	\$	327,957.69	\$	643,658.10
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						_
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	\$	31.735.49	\$	15,220.91	\$	_
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	*	161,623.32	*	2,779.77	Ψ	_
Accounts Payable		92,095.28		83,233.71		10,612.10
Due to Other Funds		-		215,311.34		, -
Due to Other Agencies		5,977.80		11,411.96		-
Total Liabilities		291,431.89		327,957.69		10,612.10
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories		21,864.41		_		_
Restricted for:						
State Required Carryover Programs		509,616.20		-		-
Capital Projects		-		-		633,046.00
Food Service		-		-		, -
Other Purposes		305,376.24		-		-
Total Restricted Fund Balance		814,992.44		-		633,046.00
Assigned for:						
Purchases on Order		70,623.11		-		-
Board Approved Budget Items		815,776.00		-		-
Total Assigned Fund Balance		886,399.11		-		-
Unassigned Fund Balance		1,093,705.07		-		-
Total Fund Balances		2,816,961.03				633,046.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	3,108,392.92	\$	327,957.69	\$	643,658.10

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	385,308.57	\$	3,731,067.68
	322.63		36,974.65
	-		215,311.34
	191,498.80		651,920.63
_	67,130.56		88,994.97
\$	644,260.56	\$	4,724,269.27
\$	10,291.55	\$	57,247.95
	1,804.55		166,207.64
	54,673.20		240,614.29
	-		215,311.34
			17,389.76
	66,769.30		696,770.98
	67,130.56		88,994.97
	_		509,616.20
	254,030.89		887,076.89
	256,329.81		256,329.81
	· -		305,376.24
	510,360.70		1,958,399.14
	_		70,623.11
	_		815,776.00
_	_		886,399.11
_	_	_	1,093,705.07
	577,491.26		4,027,498.29
\$	644,260.56	\$	4,724,269.27

Hamilton County District School Board Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	4,027,498.29
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.		44,584,427.38
The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions \$ 3,629,918.00		
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB 44,691.00		
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions (1,624,247.00)	J	
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB (23,065.00)	_	2,027,297.00
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Installment-Purchase Payable \$ (926,163.00)	1	
Bonds Payable (665,000.00)	ļ	
Compensated Absences Payable (1,226,080.00))	
Net Pension Liability (10,256,231.00))	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Total OPEB Liability

Net Position - Governmental Activities

(13,458,734.00)

37,180,488.67

(385,260.00)

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Hamilton County District School Board Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		General Fund	Special Revenue - Other Fund	Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement Fund
Revenues				
Intergovernmental:				
Federal Direct	\$	15,105.60	\$ -	\$ -
Federal Through State and Local		43,702.59	2,310,898.39	-
State		10,010,981.49	-	-
Local:				
Property Taxes		4,480,970.37	-	1,419,025.50
Charges for Services - Food Service		-	-	-
Miscellaneous		644,422.04	_	495.11
Total Local Revenues		5,125,392.41		1,419,520.61
Total Revenues		15,195,182.09	2,310,898.39	1,419,520.61
Expenditures				
Current - Education:				
Instruction		7,319,911.49	758,493.10	=
Student Support Services		707,196.46	234,447.48	-
Instructional Media Services		175,972.70	-	-
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services		265,460.31	820,566.82	-
Instructional Staff Training Services		165,061.83	279,823.44	-
Instruction-Related Technology		114,371.98	=	=
Board		357,417.49	-	-
General Administration		312,221.73	185,373.87	-
School Administration		632,507.07	8,261.47	-
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		12,174.57	-	369,774.36
Fiscal Services		398,168.05	-	=
Food Services		6,563.55	7 000 00	=
Central Services		163,589.86	7,000.00 315.36	-
Student Transportation Services		1,044,244.25	313.30	-
Operation of Plant Maintenance of Plant		1,885,031.19	-	-
Administrative Technology Services		256,654.16 330,616.18	-	-
Community Services		818.62	_	_
Fixed Capital Outlay:		010.02	_	_
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		_	_	134,547.44
Other Capital Outlay		13,254.08	16,616.85	1,094,440.32
Debt Service:		,	,	.,,
Principal		-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		
Total Expenditures		14,161,235.57	2,310,898.39	1,598,762.12
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,033,946.52		(179,241.51)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In		179,744.55	-	-
Proceeds of Lease-Purchase Agreement		-	_	926,163.00
Sale of Capital Assets		-	-	· -
Loss Recoveries		28,765.80	-	-
Transfers Out		(102,033.74)		(179,744.55)
Total Other Financing Sources		106,476.61		746,418.45
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,140,423.13	-	567,176.94
Fund Balances, Beginning		1,676,537.90	-	65,869.06
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	2,816,961.03	\$ 0.00	\$ 633,046.00
The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integra	<u> </u>			

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$ -	\$ 15,105.60		
1,585,612.65	3,940,213.63		
153,780.59	10,164,762.08		
,	, ,		
-	5,899,995.87		
67,237.70	67,237.70		
4,615.81	649,532.96		
71,853.51	6,616,766.53		
1,811,246.75	20,736,847.84		
_	8,078,404.59		
-	941,643.94		
-	175,972.70		
-	1,086,027.13		
-	444,885.27		
-	114,371.98		
-	357,417.49 497,595.60		
-	640,768.54		
77,145.57	459,094.50		
· -	398,168.05		
1,547,204.96	1,553,768.51		
-	170,589.86		
-	1,044,559.61		
-	1,885,031.19 256,654.16		
-	330,616.18		
_	818.62		
81,127.77	215,675.21		
1,723.75	1,126,035.00		
76,000.00	76,000.00		
32,244.12	76,000.00 32,244.12		
1,815,446.17	19,886,342.25		
(4,199.42)			
(4, 199.42)	850,505.59		
104,797.65	284,542.20		
- 63,040.08	926,163.00 63,040.08		
-	28,765.80		
(2,763.91)	(284,542.20)		
165,073.82	1,017,968.88		
160,874.40	1,868,474.47		
416,616.86	2,159,023.82		
\$ 577,491.26	\$ 4,027,498.29		
ψ 311,491.20	ψ 4,021,490.29		

Hamilton County District School Board Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 1,868,474.47

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation expense in excess of capital outlays in the current fiscal year.

(222,572.17)

The loss on the disposal of capital assets during the current fiscal year is reported in the statement of activities. In the governmental funds, the cost of these assets was recognized as an expenditure in the fiscal year purchased. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the undepreciated cost of the disposed assets.

(2,214,979.03)

Long-term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to the governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceed repayments in the current fiscal year.

Proceeds of Installment-Purchase Bond Principal Payments (926,163.00) 76,000.00

(850, 163.00)

In the statement of activities, the cost of compensated absences is measured by the amounts earned during the year, while in the governmental funds, expenditures are recognized based on the amounts actually paid for compensated absences. This is the net amount of compensated absences earned in excess of the amount paid in the current fiscal year.

(202, 371.00)

Governmental funds report District OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions, as determined through an actuarial valuation, is reported as an OPEB expense.

Decrease in Total OPEB Liability
Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB

\$ 38,213.00 (12,389.00)

(15,337.00)

10.487.00

Governmental funds report District pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as a pension expense.

Increase in Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB

FRS Pension Contribution HIS Pension Contribution FRS Pension Expense 704,176.00 162,328.00 (1,606,902.00)

(131,925.00) (872,323.00)

Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities

(2,483,446.73)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

HIS Pension Expense

Hamilton County District School Board Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

	Agency Funds		
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	127,162.00 153.00	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 127,315.00		
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable Internal Accounts Payable	\$	14,384.00 112,931.00	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	127,315.00	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Hamilton County School District (District). All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function. Depreciation expense associated with the District's transportation and food service departments are allocated to the student transportation services and food services functions, while remaining depreciation expense is not readily associated with a particular function and is reported as unallocated.

B. Reporting Entity

The Hamilton County District School Board (Board) has direct responsibility for operation, control, and supervision of District schools and is considered a primary government for financial reporting. The District is considered part of the Florida system of public education, operates under the general direction of the Florida Department of Education (FDOE), and is governed by State law and State Board of Education (SBE) rules. The governing body of the District is the Board, which is composed of five elected members. The elected Superintendent of Schools is the executive officer of the Board. Geographic boundaries of the District correspond with those of Hamilton County.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units that should be reported within the District's basic financial statements are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Sections 2100 and 2600. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any legally separate entities for which the Board is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Board are such that exclusion would cause the District's basic financial statements to be misleading. Based on these criteria, no component units are included within the District's reporting entity.

C. Basis of Presentation: Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements except for interfund services provided and used.

D. Basis of Presentation: Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including the fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund and for certain revenues from the State that are legally restricted to be expended for specific current operating purposes.
- Special Revenue Other Fund to account for certain Federal grant program resources.
- <u>Capital Projects Local Capital Improvement Fund</u> to account for the financial resources generated by the local capital improvement tax levy to be used for educational capital outlay needs, including new construction, renovation and remodeling projects, new and replacement equipment, and motor vehicle purchases.

Additionally, the District reports the following fiduciary fund types:

 Agency Funds – to account for resources of the school internal funds, which are used to administer moneys collected at several schools in connection with school, student athletic, class, and club activities.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in and out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, except for certain grant revenues, are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of resources is the prime factor for determining eligibility for Federal, State, and other grant resources, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, claims and judgments, pension benefits, other postemployment benefits, and compensated absences, are only recorded General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in when payment is due. governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

The agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments classified as cash equivalents include amounts placed with the State Board of Administration (SBA) in Florida PRIME.

Cash deposits are held by banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All deposits are insured by Federal depository insurance, up to specified limits, or collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

2. Investments

Investments consist of amounts placed with the SBA for participation in the Florida PRIME investment pool created by Section 218.405, Florida Statutes. The investment pool operates under investment guidelines established by Section 215.47, Florida Statutes.

The District's investment in Florida PRIME, which the SBA indicates is a Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a7-like external investment pool, are similar to money market funds in which

shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. This investment is reported at fair value, which is amortized cost.

Types and amounts of investments held at fiscal year end are described in a subsequent note.

3. Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption in the course of District operations. Inventories are stated at last invoice, which approximates the first-in, first-out basis, except that United States Department of Agriculture donated foods are stated at their fair value as determined at the time of donation to the District's food service program by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Bureau of Food Distribution. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased during the year and are adjusted at year end to reflect year-end physical inventories.

4. Capital Assets

Expenditures for capital assets acquired or constructed for general District purposes are reported in the governmental fund that financed the acquisition or construction. The capital assets so acquired are reported at cost in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as those costing more than \$1,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Useful Lives		
Improvements Other Than Buildings	40 years		
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	50 years		
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	3 - 15 years		
Motor Vehicles	5 - 10 years		
Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	3 - 5 years		

Current year information relative to changes in capital assets is described in a subsequent note.

5. Pensions

In the government-wide statement of net position, liabilities are recognized for the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's net pension liability. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan and additions to/deductions from the FRS and the HIS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and the HIS plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The District's retirement plans and related amounts are described in a subsequent note.

6. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term obligations that will be financed from resources to be received in the future by governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statement of net position.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bonds and other long-term obligations are not recognized as liabilities until due.

Changes in long-term liabilities for the current year are reported in a subsequent note.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources expense until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are discussed in subsequent notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are discussed in subsequent notes.

8. Net Position Flow Assumption

The District occasionally funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. To calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. Consequently, it is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

9. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The District may fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). To calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Report No. 2021-150 March 2021

10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation. The District reported no committed fund balances at June 30, 2020.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board has by approval of the annual financial report, authorized the assignment of fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

2. State Revenue Sources

Significant revenues from State sources for current operations include the Florida Education Finance Program administered by the FDOE under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes. In accordance with this law, the District determines and reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the FDOE. The FDOE performs certain edit checks on the reported number of FTE and related data and calculates the allocation of funds to the District. The District is permitted to amend its original reporting during specified time periods following the date of the original reporting. The FDOE may also adjust subsequent fiscal period

allocations based upon an audit of the District's compliance in determining and reporting FTE and related data. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue in the fiscal year when the adjustments are made.

The State provides financial assistance to administer certain educational programs. SBE rules require that revenue earmarked for certain programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided, and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following fiscal year to be expended for the same educational programs. The FDOE generally requires that these educational program revenues be accounted for in the General Fund. A portion of the fund balance of the General Fund is restricted in the governmental fund financial statements for the balance of categorical and earmarked educational program resources.

The State allocates gross receipts taxes, generally known as Public Education Capital Outlay money, to the District on an annual basis. The District is authorized to expend these funds only upon applying for and receiving an encumbrance authorization from the FDOE.

A schedule of revenue from State sources for the current year is presented in a subsequent note.

3. District Property Taxes

The Board is authorized by State law to levy property taxes for district school operations, capital improvements, and debt service.

Property taxes consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. Property values are determined by the Hamilton County Property Appraiser, and property taxes are collected by the Hamilton County Tax Collector.

The Board adopted the 2019 tax levy on September 10, 2019. Tax bills are mailed in October and taxes are payable between November 1 of the year assessed and March 31 of the following year at discounts of up to 4 percent for early payment.

Taxes become a lien on the property on January 1 and are delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. State law provides for enforcement of collection of personal property taxes by seizure of the property to satisfy unpaid taxes and for enforcement of collection of real property taxes by the sale of interest-bearing tax certificates to satisfy unpaid taxes. The procedures result in the collection of essentially all taxes prior to June 30 of the year following the year of assessment.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the government-wide financial statements when the Board adopts the tax levy. Property tax revenues are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements when taxes are received by the District, except that revenue is accrued for taxes collected by the Hamilton County Tax Collector at fiscal year end but not yet remitted to the District.

Millages and taxes levied for the current year are presented in a subsequent note.

4. Federal Revenue Sources

The District receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to, and approved by, various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. The FDOE may require adjustments to subsequent fiscal period expenditures and related revenues based upon an audit of the District's compliance with applicable Federal awards requirements. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of expenditures and related revenues in the fiscal year when the adjustments are made.

5. Compensated Absences

In the government-wide financial statements, compensated absences (i.e., paid absences for employee vacation leave and sick leave) are accrued as liabilities to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only if it has matured, such as for occurrences of employee resignations and retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the District will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. All bank balances of the District are fully insured or collateralized as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

B. Investments

The District's investment at June 30, 2020, are reported as follows:

Investment	<u>Maturities</u>	Fair Value	
SBA:			
Florida PRIME (1)	53 days	\$	3,311.71

⁽¹⁾ This investment is reported as a cash equivalent for financial statement reporting purposes.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

Florida PRIME uses a weighted average days to maturity (WAM). A portfolio's WAM reflects the average maturity in days based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of the portfolio to interest rate changes.

For Florida PRIME, with regard to redemption gates, Section 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states, "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the board [State Board of Administration] can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, and the Investment Advisory Council. The trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the executive director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the executive director until the trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the trustees agree with such measures, the trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the trustees exceed 15 days." As of June 30, 2020, there were no redemption fees, maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Section 218.415(17), Florida Statutes, limits investments to the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund [Florida PRIME], or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act as provided in Section 163.01, Florida Statutes; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories, as defined in Section 280.02, Florida Statutes; and direct obligations of the United States Treasury. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits its investment choices.

The District's investment in Florida PRIME is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

C. Changes in Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets are presented in the following table:

	Beginning Balance	Reclassification (1)		Additions		Additions Deletions			Ending Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				_				_	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$ 700,122.48	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	105,403.55	\$	594,718.93
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Improvements Other Than Buildings Buildings and Fixed Equipment Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment Motor Vehicles Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	2,435,945.88 56,322,911.19 3,837,575.46 3,673,147.57 170,293.83		- (149,191.43) 149,191.43 -		215,675.21 - 33,229.50 1,092,805.50		421,136.28 4,284,583.77 1,812,473.02 28,193.95 111,468.11		2,230,484.81 52,038,327.42 1,909,140.51 4,886,950.55 58,825.72
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	66,439,873.93		<u>-</u>		1,341,710.21		6,657,855.13		61,123,729.01
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Improvements Other Than Buildings Buildings and Fixed Equipment Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment Motor Vehicles Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	1,059,247.31 12,966,796.48 3,091,214.40 2,853,489.11 147,270.53		(149,191.43) 149,191.43		44,356.41 1,014,747.39 246,162.45 247,572.09 11,444.04		284,640.78 2,345,591.27 1,808,364.62 - 109,682.98		818,962.94 11,635,952.60 1,379,820.80 3,250,252.63 49,031.59
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 20,118,017.83				1,564,282.38		4,548,279.65		17,134,020.56
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	46,321,856.10				(222,572.17)	_	2,109,575.48	_	43,989,708.45
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 47,021,978.58	\$	0.00	\$	(222,572.17)	\$	2,214,979.03	\$	44,584,427.38

⁽¹⁾ Correct classification of motor vehicles previously included in furniture, fixtures, and equipment subsidiary ledger.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Function	Amount			
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Food Services	\$	12,384.02		
Student Transportation Services		226,885.92		
Unallocated		1,325,012.44		
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	\$	1,564,282.38		

D. Retirement Plans

1. FRS - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

General Information about the FRS

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree HIS Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the District are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The District's FRS and HIS pension expense totaled \$1,738,827 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

FRS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are:

- Regular Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officers* Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

The DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years'

Report No. 2021-150 March 2021 earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following table shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	Percent Value
Regular Members Initially Enrolled Before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Members Initially Enrolled On or After July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member was initially enrolled in the Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member was initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

<u>Contributions</u>. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2019-20 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of	Gross Salary
Class	Employee	Employer (1)
FRS, Regular	3.00	8.47
FRS, Elected County Officers	3.00	48.82
DROP – Applicable to Members from All of the Above Classes	0.00	14.60
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(2)	(2)

⁽¹⁾ Employer rates include 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06 percent for administrative costs of the Investment Plan.

The District's contributions to the Plan totaled \$704,176 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

⁽²⁾ Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$7,213,834 for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2018-19 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2018-19 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportionate share was 0.020946939 percent, which was a decrease of 0.000046748 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized the Plan pension expense of \$1,606,902. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	 erred Outflows f Resources	 erred Inflows f Resources
Differences Between Expected and		
Actual Experience	\$ 427,873	\$ 4,477
Change of Assumptions	1,852,823	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		
Earnings on FRS Pension Plan Investments	-	399,107
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between		
District FRS Contributions and Proportionate		
Share of Contributions	-	497,979
District FRS Contributions Subsequent to		
the Measurement Date	 704,176	 -
Total	\$ 2,984,872	\$ 901,563

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$704,176, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Amount			
2021	\$	535,407		
2022		68,559		
2023		382,574		
2024		298,019		
2025		71,163		
Thereafter		23,411		
Total	\$	1,379,133		

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60 percent

Salary Increases 3.25 percent, average, including inflation Investment Rate of Return 6.90 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018. This is a change from the prior year mortality assumption which was based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation (1)</u>	Annual Arithmetic <u>Return</u>	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1%	3.3%	3.3%	1.2%
Fixed Income	18%	4.1%	4.1%	3.5%
Global Equity	54%	8.0%	6.8%	16.5%
Real Estate (Property)	10%	6.7%	6.1%	11.7%
Private Equity	11%	11.2%	8.4%	25.8%
Strategic Investments	6%	5.9%	5.7%	6.7%
Total	100%	-		
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.6%	1.7%

⁽¹⁾ As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9 percent. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The discount rate used in the 2019 valuation was updated from 7 percent to 6.9 percent.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.9 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is

1 percentage point lower (5.9 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.9 percent) than the current rate:

	Decrease (5.9%)			Increase (7.9%)	
District's Proportionate Share of					
the Net Pension Liability	\$ 12,470,317	\$ 7,21	13,834	\$ 2,8	23,782

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

HIS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Federal Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u>. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The District contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The District's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$162,328 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>. At June 30, 2020, the District reported a net pension liability of \$3,042,397 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The current portion of the net pension liability is the District's proportionate share of benefit payments expected to be paid within 1 year, net of the District's proportionate share of the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position available to pay that amount. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial

valuation as of July 1, 2018, and update procedures were used to determine the net pension liability as of June 30, 2019. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2018-19 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2018-19 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportionate share was 0.027190965 percent, which was an increase of 0.000264450 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized the HIS Plan pension expense of \$131,925. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description				Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and						
Actual Experience	\$	36,953	\$	3,725		
Change of Assumptions		352,281		248,661		
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual						
Earnings on HIS Pension Plan Investments		1,963		-		
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between						
District HIS Contributions and Proportionate						
Share of Contributions		91,521		470,298		
District HIS Contributions Subsequent to						
the Measurement Date		162,328		-		
Total	\$	645,046	\$	722,684		

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$162,328, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Amount
2021	\$ (42,260)
2022	(17,352)
2023	(41,489)
2024	(97,997)
2025	(55,750)
Thereafter	 14,882
Total	\$ (239,966)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60 percent

Salary Increases 3.25 percent, average, including inflation

Municipal Bond Rate 3.50 percent

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB.

While an experience study had not been completed for the HIS Plan, the actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Plan.

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.5 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate changed from 3.87 percent to 3.5 percent.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.5 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	 Decrease (2.5%)	Dis	(3.5%)	Increase (4.5%)
District's Proportionate Share of				
the Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,473,052	\$	3,042,397	\$ 2,683,710

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

2. FRS - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. District employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular, Elected County

Report No. 2021-150 March 2021 Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. Allocations to the Investment Plan member accounts during the 2019-20 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of
	Gross
<u>Class</u>	Compensation
FRS, Regular	6.30
FRS, Elected County Officers	11.34

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings, regardless of membership class. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the District.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided in which the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The District's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$147,555.64 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

E. Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

<u>Plan Description</u>. The Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District that provides OPEB for all employees who satisfy the District's retirement eligibility provisions. Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees who retire from the District are eligible to participate in the District's health and hospitalization plan for medical and prescription drug coverage. Retirees and their eligible dependents shall be offered the same health and hospitalization insurance coverage as is offered to active employees at a premium cost of no more than the premium cost applicable to active employees. The District subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate

in the OPEB Plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because retiree healthcare costs are generally greater than active employee healthcare costs. The OPEB Plan contribution requirements and benefit terms of the District and the OPEB Plan members are established and may be amended through recommendations of the Insurance Committee and action from the Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. The OPEB Plan provides healthcare insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. In addition to the implicit subsidy described above, certain retirees receive insurance coverage at a lower (explicit subsidy) premium rate than active employees pursuant to Board approval each year. The benefit terms provide for payment of \$50 per month toward health insurance premiums for non-Medicare-eligible retirees until the retiree reaches the age of 65. Retirees are assumed to enroll in the Federal Medicare program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible.

<u>Employees Covered by Benefit Terms</u>. At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	16
Active Employees	150
Total	166

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>. The District's total OPEB liability of \$385,260 was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs</u>. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.25 percent

Salary Increases 3.6 - 8 percent, including inflation

Discount Rate 3.13 percent

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Based on the Getzen Model, with trend rates

starting at 18.41 percent for 2019, and 6.5 percent the following year, gradually decreasing to an

ultimate trend rate of 3.99 percent.

Aging Factors Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care

Costs - From Birth to Death."

Expenses Administrative expenses are included in the per

capita health costs.

For plans that do not have formal assets, the discount rate should equal the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date. For the purpose of this actuarial roll-forward, the municipal bond rate is 3.13 percent based on the daily rate of Fidelity's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" closest to but not later than the measurement date.

Demographic assumptions employed in the actuarial valuation were the same as those employed in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation of the FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan. These demographic assumptions were developed by FRS from an actuarial experience study, and therefore are appropriate for use in the OPEB Plan actuarial valuation. These include assumed rates of future termination, mortality, disability, and retirement. In addition, salary increase assumptions (for development of the pattern of the normal cost increases) were the same as those used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation of the FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Assumptions used in valuation of benefits for participants of the FRS Investment Plan are the same as for similarly situated participants of the FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability.

	 Amount
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 423,473
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	15,561
Interest	14,860
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	6,480
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	(18,034)
Benefit Payments	(57,080)
Net Changes	(38,213)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 385,260

The changes of assumptions or other inputs was based on the following:

- The discount rate was changed from 3.62 percent as of the beginning of the measurement period to 3.13 percent as of June 30, 2019 (based on the Long-Term Municipal Bond rate). This change had an increasing impact on the liabilities.
- The medical claims costs and premiums were updated based on actual claims experience and premium information provided for the valuation. This change had a decreasing impact on the results of this valuation.
- The healthcare cost trend assumption was revised to reflect a lower long-term inflation assumption changed from 2.5 percent to 2.25 percent. This change had a decreasing impact on the results of this valuation.
- The assumed load to model the expected cost of the excise tax was decreased from 0.25 percent beginning in 2022 to 0.19 percent beginning in 2023. This change had a modest decreasing impact on the results of this valuation.
- The rates of coverage acceptance for active employees were revised to 25 percent, down from 35 percent. This change had a decreasing impact on the results of this valuation.
- Changes to demographic assumptions, such as rates of mortality, retirements, termination, disability, and salary increases, to match assumptions developed by the FRS and adopted for its July 1, 2019, valuation. These changes in demographic assumptions had a decreasing impact on the results of this valuation.

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>. The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.13 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.13 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		(Current	1%		
	_	ecrease (2.13%)		count Rate (3.13%)		ncrease (4.13%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	400,306	\$	385,260	\$	368,858	

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>. The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (17.41 percent decreasing to 2.99 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (19.41 percent decreasing to 4.99 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			He	althcare			
	1%	Decrease	Co	st Trend	1%	Increase	
	de	(17.41% decreasing to 2.99%)		Rates (18.41% decreasing to 3.99%)		(19.41% decreasing to 4.99%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	354,485	\$	385,260	\$	420,462	

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$28,366. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Description	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs Benefits Paid Subsequent to the	\$ 5,838 -	\$	- 23,065	
Measurement Date	 38,853		-	
Total	\$ 44,691	\$	23,065	

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$38,853, will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Amount		
2021	\$	(2,055)	
2022		(2,055)	
2023		(2,055)	
2024		(2,055)	
2025		(2,055)	
Thereafter		(6,952)	
Total	\$	(17,227)	

F. Other Significant Commitments

Encumbrances. Appropriations in governmental funds are encumbered upon issuance of purchase orders for goods and services. Even though appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, unfilled purchase orders of the current year are carried forward and the next fiscal year's appropriations are likewise encumbered.

The following is a schedule of encumbrances at June 30, 2020:

	M	ajor Funds					
General	ı	Special Revenue - Other	Lo	Capital Projects - cal Capital provement	lonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 70,623.11	\$	177,732.01	\$	11,717.22	\$ 36,857.67	\$	296,930.01

G. Risk Management Programs

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the North East Florida Educational Risk Management Consortium (Consortium) under which several district school boards have established a combined limited self-insurance program for property protection, general liability, automobile liability, workers' compensation, money and securities, employee fidelity and faithful performance, boiler and machinery, and other coverage deemed necessary by the members of the Consortium. Section 1001.42(12)(k), Florida Statutes, provides the authority for the District to enter into such a risk management program. The Consortium is self-sustaining through member assessments (premiums), and purchases coverage through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts. The Board of Directors for the Consortium is composed of superintendents of all participating districts. The Putnam County District School Board serves as fiscal agent for the Consortium.

Employee health and hospitalization coverage are being provided through purchased commercial insurance with minimum deductibles for each line of coverage.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past 3 fiscal years.

H. Long-Term Liabilities

1. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Bond Type	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate (Percent)	Annual Maturity To
District Revenue Bonds: Series 2017, Capital Improvement	\$ 665,000.00	4.5	2028

District Revenue Bonds

These bonds were issued by the District in order to finance the completion of the construction, furnishing, and equipping of Hamilton County Elementary School and are authorized by Chapter 31459, Laws of Florida, (1956), and a resolution adopted by the Hamilton District School Board on October 19, 2017. These bonds are secured by pari-mutuel replacement (sales tax) revenues distributed annually to Hamilton County from the State pursuant to Section 212.20(6)(d)6.a., Florida Statutes, as a replacement for moneys distributed under Section 550.135, Florida Statutes, prior to July 1, 2000. As required by the bond resolution, the District has established the sinking fund and reserve account and has accumulated and maintained adequate resources in the sinking fund and reserve account.

The District has pledged a total of \$791,112.50 of sales tax revenues in connection with the District Revenue Bonds of 2017, described above. During the 2019-20 fiscal year, the District recognized sales tax revenues totaling \$223,250 and expended \$102,033.74 (46 percent) of these revenues for debt service directly collateralized by these revenues. The pledged sales tax revenues are committed until final maturity of the debt on November 1, 2027. Approximately 44 percent of this revenue stream has been pledged in connection with debt service on the revenue bonds.

Annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total	Principal	Interest	
District Revenue Bonds:				
2021	\$ 98,350.00	\$ 70,000.00	\$ 28,350.00	
2022	100,087.50	75,000.00	25,087.50	
2023	101,600.00	80,000.00	21,600.00	
2024	98,000.00	80,000.00	18,000.00	
2025	99,287.50	85,000.00	14,287.50	
2026-2028	293,787.50	275,000.00	18,787.50	
Total District Revenue Bonds	\$ 791,112.50	\$ 665,000.00	\$ 126,112.50	

2. Installment-Purchase Payable

Seven school buses with a total cost of \$926,163 are being acquired under an installment-purchase agreement at a stated interest rate of 3 percent. Future minimum installment-purchase payments as of June 30 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total		Principal	 Interest	
2021	\$	202,231.92	\$ 174,447.04	\$ 27,784.88	
2022		202,231.92	179,680.45	22,551.47	
2023		202,231.92	185,070.86	17,161.06	
2024		202,231.92	190,622.98	11,608.94	
2025		202,231.92	196,341.67	5,890.25	
Total Minimum Installment-Purchase Payments	\$ 1	,011,159.60	\$ 926,163.00	\$ 84,996.60	

3. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

Description	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due In One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Installment-Purchase Payable	\$ -	\$ 926,163.00	\$ -	\$ 926,163.00	\$174,447.04
Bonds Payable	741,000.00	-	76,000.00	665,000.00	70,000.00
Compensated Absences Payable	1,023,709.00	252,371.86	50,000.86	1,226,080.00	61,964.63
Net Pension Liability	9,173,339.00	3,044,401.00	1,961,509.00	10,256,231.00	51,621.00
Total OPEB Liability	423,473.00	36,901.00	75,114.00	385,260.00	38,853.00
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 11,361,521.00	\$4,259,836.86	\$ 2,162,623.86	\$ 13,458,734.00	\$396,885.67

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, pensions, and other postemployment benefits are generally liquidated with resources of the General Fund.

I. Fund Balance Reporting

In addition to committed and assigned fund balance categories discussed in Note I.F.10., fund balances may be classified as follows:

- **Nonspendable Fund Balance**. Nonspendable fund balance is the net current financial resources that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Generally, not in spendable form means that an item is not expected to be converted to cash.
- Restricted Fund Balance. Restricted fund balance is the portion of fund balance on which
 constraints have been placed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other
 governments, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance
 places the most binding level of constraint on the use of fund balance.
- <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>. The unassigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that is the residual classification for the General Fund. This balance represents amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes.

J. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables reported in the fund financial statements:

	Interfund				
Funds	Receivables	Payables			
Major:					
General	\$ 215,311.34	\$ -			
Special Revenue:					
Other		215,311.34			
Total	\$ 215,311.34	\$ 215,311.34			

The interfund receivable and payable represents a temporary loan to cover project expenditures prior to reimbursement from the grantor agency. The amount is expected to be repaid within 1 year.

K. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Schedule of State Revenue Sources

The following is a schedule of the District's State revenue sources for the 2019-20 fiscal year:

Source	 Amount
Florida Education Finance Program	\$ 7,643,176.00
Categorical Educational Program - Class Size Reduction	1,550,345.00
Schools of Hope - Whole School Transformation Model	332,602.09
Voluntary Prekindergarten Program	115,797.74
Motor Vehicle License Tax (Capital Outlay and Debt Service)	77,725.21
Workforce Development Program	72,932.00
Educational Facilities Security Grant	50,000.00
Miscellaneous	322,184.04
Total	\$ 10,164,762.08

Accounting policies relating to certain State revenue sources are described in Note I.G.2.

2. Property Taxes

The following is a summary of millages and taxes levied on the 2019 tax roll for the 2019-20 fiscal year:

	Millages	Taxes Levied
General Fund		
Nonvoted School Tax:		
Required Local Effort	3.738	\$ 3,689,330.47
Basic Discretionary Local Effort	0.748	738,260.54
Voted School Tax:		
Additional Operating	0.250	246,744.18
Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement Fund		
Nonvoted Tax:		
Local Capital Improvements	1.500	1,480,468.99
Total	6.236	\$ 6,154,804.18

L. Interfund Transfers

The following is a summary of interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements:

	Inter	fund
Funds	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major:		
General	\$ 179,744.55	\$ 102,033.74
Capital Projects:		
Local Capital Improvement	-	179,744.55
Nonmajor Governmental	104,797.65	2,763.91
Total	\$ 284,542.20	\$ 284,542.20

Interfund transfers were primarily to move restricted capital outlay revenues to offset eligible property insurance premium expenditures and maintenance salaries in the General Fund and to move funds obligated for debt service from the General Fund to the nonmajor District Revenue Bond – Debt Service Fund.

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General and Major Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Genera	al Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental: Federal Direct Federal Through State and Local State	\$ 30,315.38 40,173.97 10,586,348.08	\$ 15,105.60 43,702.59 10,011,048.96	\$ 15,105.60 43,702.59 10,010,981.49	\$ - (67.47)
Local: Property Taxes Miscellaneous Total Local Revenues	4,120,130.00 304,932.85 4,425,062.85	4,480,970.37 449,664.34 4,930,634.71	4,480,970.37 644,422.04 5,125,392.41	194,757.70 194,757.70
Total Revenues	15,081,900.28	15,000,491.86	15,195,182.09	194,690.23
Expenditures				
Current - Education: Instruction Student Support Services Instructional Media Services Instruction and Curriculum Development Services Instructional Staff Training Services Instruction-Related Technology Board General Administration School Administration Facilities Acquisition and Construction Fiscal Services Food Services Central Services Student Transportation Services Operation of Plant Maintenance of Plant Administrative Technology Services Community Services Fixed Capital Outlay: Other Capital Outlay	7,609,679.90 1,125,982.66 177,524.37 199,055.28 98,273.12 128,256.77 367,038.39 319,370.00 627,436.46 427,303.23 12,933.02 159,132.64 1,163,051.47 2,090,256.30 254,779.01 263,363.86 2,285.54	7,460,646.97 707,713.11 175,972.70 266,344.76 169,809.18 114,371.98 357,461.99 312,405.69 634,809.59 12,174.57 399,674.06 6,563.55 165,805.02 1,084,378.99 2,058,762.62 257,821.82 344,723.73 818.62	7,319,911.49 707,196.46 175,972.70 265,460.31 165,061.83 114,371.98 357,417.49 312,221.73 632,507.07 12,174.57 398,168.05 6,563.55 163,589.86 1,044,244.25 1,885,031.19 256,654.16 330,616.18 818.62	140,735.48 516.65 - 884.45 4,747.35 - 44.50 183.96 2,302.52 - 1,506.01 - 2,215.16 40,134.74 173,731.43 1,167.66 14,107.55
Total Expenditures	15,025,722.02	14,543,513.03	14,161,235.57	382,277.46
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	56,178.26	456,978.83	1,033,946.52	576,967.69
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	00,110.20	100,010.00	1,000,010.02	070,007.00
Transfers In Loss Recoveries Transfers Out	145,000.00 - (101,500.00)	179,744.55 35,915.80 (102,033.74)	179,744.55 28,765.80 (102,033.74)	- (7,150.00) -
Total Other Financing Sources	43,500.00	113,626.61	106,476.61	(7,150.00)
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances, Beginning	99,678.26 1,676,537.90	570,605.44 1,676,537.90	1,140,423.13 1,676,537.90	569,817.69
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 1,776,216.16	\$ 2,247,143.34	\$ 2,816,961.03	\$ 569,817.69

Special Revenue - Other Fund

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)					
\$	_	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_				
	2,925,794.80	3,513,380.27		2,310,898.39	(1,202,481.88)				
	-	-		-		-				
	-	-		-		-				
	-			-		-				
		-		-	_	-				
_	2,925,794.80	3,513,380.27		2,310,898.39		1,202,481.88)				
	961,059.23	1,292,193.95		758,493.10		533,700.85				
	254,069.76	276,376.32		234,447.48		41,928.84				
	-	-		-		-				
	938,809.40	1,066,066.78		820,566.82		245,499.96				
	503,281.95	523,994.08		279,823.44		244,170.64				
	-	-		-		-				
	-	-		405 070 07		- 70 500 55				
	216,157.47 11,623.00	263,882.42 14,802.64		185,373.87 8,261.47		78,508.55 6,541.17				
	11,023.00	14,002.04		0,201.47		0,341.17				
	-	-		-		-				
	-	-		-		-				
	3,068.00	10,606.25		7,000.00		3,606.25				
	36,725.99	47,840.98		315.36		47,525.62				
	1,000.00	1,000.00		-		1,000.00				
	-	-		-		-				
	-	-		-		-				
	-	-		-		-				
	-	16,616.85		16,616.85		-				
	2,925,794.80	3,513,380.27		2,310,898.39		1,202,481.88				
	-			-		-				
	-	-		-		-				
	-	-		-		-				
	-	· 		-		-				
_	-		· —	-		<u>-</u>				
	-	-		-		-				
\$	0.00	\$ 0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00				

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	2020	2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$ 15,561	\$ 15,702	\$	16,475
Interest	14,860	15,699		14,060
Differences Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	6,480	-		-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	(18,034)	(869)		(8,597)
Benefit Payments	 (57,080)	(64,684)		(58,717)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(38,213)	(34,152)	_	(36,779)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 423,473	 457,625		494,404
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 385,260	\$ 423,473	\$	457,625
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 9,500,252	\$ 9,125,841	\$	5,431,366
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	4.06%	4.64%		8.43%

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (1)

		2019		2018		2017	2016			2015		2014		2013
District's Proportion of the FRS Net Pension Liability	0.0	20946939%	0.020993687%		0.023137764%		0.024693425%		0.026365933%		0.026515981%		0.0	27240606%
District's Proportionate Share of the FRS Net Pension Liability	\$	7,213,834	\$	6,323,407	\$	6,843,995	\$	6,235,109	\$	3,405,514	\$	1,617,865	\$	4,689,321
District's Covered Payroll	\$	9,119,539	\$	8,794,621	\$	9,899,674	\$	10,202,640	\$	9,772,145	\$	9,212,710	\$	10,110,731
District's Proportionate Share of the FRS Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		79.10%		71.90%		69.13%		61.11%		34.85%		17.56%		46.38%
FRS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		82.61%		84.26%		83.89%		84.88%		92.00%		96.09%		88.54%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of District Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017		2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required FRS Contribution	\$ 704,176	\$ 649,506	\$ 598,303	\$ 602,333	\$	602,189	\$ 642,824	\$ 580,812
FRS Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ (704, 176)	(649,506)	(598,303)	(602,333)		(602,189)	(642,824)	(580,812)
FRS Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	=	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 9,786,266	\$ 9,119,539	\$ 8,794,621	\$ 9,899,674	\$1	0,202,640	\$ 9,772,145	\$ 9,212,710
FRS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	7.20%	7.12%	6.80%	6.08%		5.90%	6.58%	6.30%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan (1)

		2019	2018		2017			2016		2015		2014	2013				
District's Proportion of the HIS Net Pension Liability	0.0	27190965%	0.026926515%		0.031007919%		0.033038073%		0.0	32194770%	0.0	31007513%	0.0	34803415%			
District's Proportionate Share of the HIS Net Pension Liability	\$	3,042,397	\$	2,849,932	\$	3,315,510	\$	3,850,451	\$	3,283,360	\$	2,899,278	\$	3,030,095			
District's Covered Payroll	\$	9,119,539	\$	8,794,621	\$	9,899,674	\$	10,202,640	\$	9,772,145	\$	9,212,710	\$	10,110,731			
District's Proportionate Share of the HIS Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		33.36%		32.41%		33.49%		37.74%		33.60%		31.47%		29.97%			
HIS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		2.63%		2.15%		1.64%		0.97%		0.50%		0.99%		1.78%			

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of District Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	 2015	2014
Contractually Required HIS Contribution	\$ 162,328	\$ 150,989	\$ 146,023	\$ 164,103	\$ 169,341	\$ 123,068	\$ 106,221
HIS Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(162,328)	(150,989)	(146,023)	(164,103)	(169,341)	(123,068)	(106,221)
HIS Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 9,786,266	\$ 9,119,539	\$ 8,794,621	\$ 9,899,674	\$ 10,202,640	\$ 9,772,145	\$ 9,212,710
HIS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.26%	1.15%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The Board follows procedures established by State law and State Board of Education (SBE) rules in establishing budget balances for governmental funds, as described below:

- Budgets are prepared, public hearings are held, and original budgets are adopted annually for all
 governmental fund types in accordance with procedures and time intervals prescribed by State
 law and SBE rules.
- Appropriations are controlled at the object level (e.g., salaries, purchased services, and capital
 outlay) within each activity (e.g., instruction, student transportation services, and school
 administration) and may be amended by resolution at any Board meeting prior to the due date for
 the annual financial report.
- Budgets are prepared using the same modified accrual basis as is used to account for governmental funds.
- Budgetary information is integrated into the accounting system and, to facilitate budget control, budget balances are encumbered when purchase orders are issued. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and encumbrances outstanding are honored from the subsequent year's appropriations.

2. Schedule of Changes in the District's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits. The June 30, 2020, total OPEB liability decreased from the prior fiscal year as a result of changes in assumptions as discussed below:

- The discount rate was changed from 3.62 percent as of the beginning of the measurement period to 3.13 percent as of June 30, 2019 (based on the Long-Term Municipal Bond rate). This change had an increasing impact on the liabilities.
- The medical claims costs and premiums were updated based on actual claims experience and premium information provided for the valuation. This change had a decreasing impact on the results of this valuation.
- The healthcare cost trend assumption was revised to reflect a lower long-term inflation assumption changed from 2.5 percent to 2.25 percent. This change had a decreasing impact on the results of this valuation.
- The assumed load to model the expected cost of the excise tax was decreased from 0.25 percent beginning in 2022 to 0.19 percent beginning in 2023. This change had a modest decreasing impact on the results of this valuation.
- The rates of coverage acceptance for active employees were revised to 25 percent, down from 35 percent. This change had a decreasing impact on the results of this valuation.
- Changes to demographic assumptions, such as rates of mortality, retirements, termination, disability, and salary increases, to match assumptions developed by the FRS and adopted for its July 1, 2019, valuation. These changes in demographic assumptions had a decreasing impact on the results of this valuation. These changes in demographic assumptions had a decreasing impact on the results of this valuation.

Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. In 2019, the long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7 percent to 6.9 percent, and the mortality assumption was changed from the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables to the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

4. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. In 2019, the municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was decreased from 3.87 percent to 3.5 percent.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Hamilton County District School Board Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster	Federal CFDA Number	Pass - Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Expenditures
Clustered				
Child Nutrition Cluster United States Department of Agriculture: Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.553 10.555 10.559	20002 20001, 20003 19006, 19007, 20006, 20007	\$ - - -	\$ 405,539.19 645,724.78 528,656.04
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				1,579,920.01
Special Education Cluster United States Department of Education: Florida Department of Education: Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.027 84.173	262, 263 267	73,726.20 -	1,246,077.25 12,770.25
Total Special Education Cluster			73,726.20	1,258,847.50
Not Clustered				
United States Department of Agriculture Florida Department of Health: Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	A-4931	-	5,692.64
United States Department of Defense Army Junior Reserve Officers Training Corps	12.UNK	N/A		15,105.60
United States Department of Education Florida Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Education for Homeless Children and Youth Rural Education English Language Acquisition State Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.010 84.048 84.196 84.358 84.365 84.367 84.424	212 161 127 110 102 224 241	- - - - - -	759,517.55 51,325.11 37,559.68 20,369.04 19,632.16 115,316.67 48,330.68
Total United States Department of Education				1,052,050.89
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 73,726.20	\$ 3,911,616.64

The notes below are an integral part of this Schedule.

Notes:

- (1) <u>Basis of Presentation</u>. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the Federal award activity of the Hamilton County District School Board under programs of the Federal Government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position.
- (2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (3) <u>Indirect Cost Rate</u>. The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- (4) Noncash Assistance National School Lunch Program. Includes \$96,342.53 of donated food received during the fiscal year. Donated foods are valued at fair value as determined at the time of donation.



AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hamilton County District School Board as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2021, included under the heading INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the school internal funds, as described in our report on the District's financial statements. The financial statements of the school internal funds were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control

that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA Tallahassee, Florida

March 11, 2021



AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Hamilton County District School Board's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major Federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The District's major Federal program is identified in **SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS** of the accompanying **SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the District's major Federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major Federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

District management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA Tallahassee, Florida

March 11, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with

GAAP: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over the major Federal program:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for the

major Federal program: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of the major Federal program:

CFDA Numbers: Name of Federal Program or Cluster:

No

10.553, 10.555, and 10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low risk auditee? Yes

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters are reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters are reported.

PRIOR AUDIT FOLLOW-UP

There were no prior financial statement or Federal award findings requiring follow-up.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

The District did not have prior audit findings required to be reported under 2 CFR 200.511.