HAMILTON COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018



Board Members and Superintendent

During the 2017-18 fiscal year, Rex L. Mitchell served as Superintendent of the Hamilton County Schools and the following individuals served as School Board Members:

	District No.
Cheryl McCall	1
Gary Godwin, Vice Chair	2
Saul Speights	3
Johnny Bullard, Chair	4
Suezette Wiggins	5

The Auditor General conducts audits of governmental entities to provide the Legislature, Florida's citizens, public entity management, and other stakeholders unbiased, timely, and relevant information for use in promoting government accountability and stewardship and improving government operations.

The team leader was Joseph M. Holmes, and the audit was supervised by Glenda K. Hart, CPA.

Please address inquiries regarding this report to Micah E. Rodgers, CPA, Audit Manager, by e-mail at micahrodgers@aud.state.fl.us or by telephone at (850) 412-2905.

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SUMMARY OF REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our audit disclosed that the Hamilton County District School Board (District's) basic financial statements were presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with prescribed financial reporting standards.

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

We noted a certain matter involving the District's internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a significant deficiency, as summarized below. However, this significant deficiency is not considered to be a material weakness.

Significant Deficiency

Finding No. 2018-001: The Director of Business Services, who had primary responsibility for monitoring District financial activities, had full update access privileges to information technology applications and components that allowed him to perform functions incompatible or inconsistent with his assigned job responsibilities.

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON FEDERAL AWARDS

We audited the District's compliance with applicable Federal awards requirements. The Child Nutrition Cluster and Special Education Cluster were audited as major Federal programs. The results of our audit indicated that the District materially complied with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs.

AUDIT OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE

Our audit objectives were to determine whether the School Board and its officers with administrative and stewardship responsibilities for District operations had:

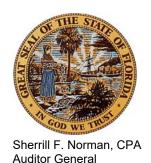
- Presented the District's basic financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- Established and implemented internal control over financial reporting and compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements or on the District's major Federal programs;
- Complied with the various provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements that are material to the financial statements, and those applicable to the District's major Federal programs; and
- Taken corrective actions for findings included in our report No. 2018-162.

The scope of this audit included an examination of the District's basic financial statements and the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We obtained an understanding of the District's environment, including its internal control, and assessed the risk of material misstatement necessary to plan the audit of the basic financial statements and Federal awards. We also examined various transactions to determine whether they were

executed, in both manner and substance, in accordance with governing provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

AUDIT METHODOLOGY		AUDIT METHODOLOGY	
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We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; applicable standards contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.



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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hamilton County District School Board, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the school internal funds, which represent 47 percent of the assets and 80 percent of the liabilities of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements, which were prepared on the cash basis, a special purpose framework, were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us. We have applied audit procedures on the conversion adjustments to the financial statements of the school internal funds, which conform the financial statements to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the school internal funds, prior to these conversion adjustments, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the school internal funds were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hamilton County District School Board, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note II. to the financial statements, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which is a change in accounting principle that addresses accounting and financial reporting for other postemployment benefits. This affects the comparability of amounts reported for the 2017-18 fiscal year with amounts reported for the 2016-17 fiscal year. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General and Major Special Revenue Funds, Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan, Schedule of District Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan, Schedule of District Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan, and Notes to Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States

Report No. 2019-157 March 2019 of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS**, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 13, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA

Tallahassee, Florida March 13, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the Hamilton County District School Board has prepared the following discussion and analysis to provide an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The information contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to highlight significant transactions, events, and conditions and should be considered in conjunction with the District's financial statements and notes to financial statements found immediately following the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2017-18 fiscal year are as follows:

- As of June 30, 2018, the assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$39,245,827.
- In total, net position decreased \$558,560 over the 2016-17 fiscal year.
- General revenues total \$17,426,173, or 91.9 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions total \$1,536,382, or 8.1 percent of all revenues.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund totals \$841,194, which is \$683,199 more than the prior fiscal year balance. The General Fund assigned and unassigned fund balances total \$444,032, or 3.3 percent of total General Fund revenues.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements; (2) fund financial statements; and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional details to support the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial condition in a manner similar to those of a private-sector business. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities that are designed to provide consolidated financial information about the governmental activities of the District presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The statement of net position provides information about the District's financial position, its assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, using an economic resources measurement focus. Assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, which is a measure of the District's financial health. The statement of activities presents information about the change in the District's net position, the results of operations, during the fiscal year. An increase or decrease in net position is an indication of whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

All of the District's activities and services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. The District's governmental activities include instruction, student support services, instructional support services, administrative support services, facility maintenance,

transportation, and food services. Property taxes and State revenues finance most of these activities. Additionally, all capital and debt financing activities are reported as governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are one of the components of the basic financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and prudent fiscal management. Certain funds are established by law while others are created by legal agreements, such as bond covenants. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's financial activities, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds rather than fund types. This is in contrast to the entitywide perspective contained in the government-wide statements. All of the District's funds may be classified within one of the broad categories discussed below.

<u>Governmental Funds</u>: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds. The District's major funds are the General Fund, Special Revenue – Other Fund, and Capital Projects – Public Education Capital Outlay Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General and major Special Revenue Funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity for the benefit of external parties, such as student activity funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources are not available to support the District's own programs. In its fiduciary capacity, the District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes.

The District uses agency funds to account for resources held for student activities and groups.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability and changes in its total other postemployment benefits liability.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial health. The following is a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2018, compared to net position as of June 30, 2017:

Net Position, End of Year

Governmental

	Activities					
	6-30-18	6-30-17				
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 2,441,366.76 48,281,014.99	\$ 12,746,996.06 48,643,991.89				
Total Assets	50,722,381.75	61,390,987.95				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,324,691.00	3,984,406.00				
Long-Term Liabilities Other Liabilities	13,724,470.63 825,681.83	12,931,198.19 12,100,108.09				
Total Liabilities	14,550,152.46	25,031,306.28				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,251,093.00	539,700.00				
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	46,185,255.36 1,156,392.85 (8,095,820.92)	44,307,662.62 3,591,011.82 (8,094,286.77)				
Total Net Position	\$ 39,245,827.29	\$ 39,804,387.67				

The largest portion of the District's net position is investment in capital assets (e.g., land; buildings; furniture, fixtures, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources used to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The deficit unrestricted net position is the result, in part, of accruing \$1,011,581 in compensated absences payable, \$457,625 in other postemployment benefit obligations, and \$10,159,505 in net pension liability.

The key elements of the changes in the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018, and June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Operating Results for the Fiscal Year Ended

	Governmental Activities			
	6-30-18	6-30-17		
Program Revenues: Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 110,254.22 1,330,769.83	\$ 129,355.19 1,403,075.34		
Capital Grants and Contributions	95,357.73	19,291,355.57		
General Revenues: Property Taxes, Levied for Operational Purposes	4,075,012.32	4,239,866.04		
Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Projects Grants and Contributions Not Restricted	1,150,403.04	1,137,583.80		
to Specific Programs	11,940,459.79	11,576,562.39		
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	5,053.05	3,427.23		
Miscellaneous	255,244.79	239,747.88		
Total Revenues	18,962,554.77	38,020,973.44		
Functions/Program Expenses:				
Instruction	7,705,100.22	7,797,847.10		
Student Support Services	744,281.05	642,317.32		
Instructional Media Services	167,377.49	175,975.49		
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	744,733.91	624,436.67		
Instructional Staff Training Services	832,762.32	1,114,402.93		
Instruction-Related Technology	308,114.29	245,030.00		
Board	406,410.94	427,726.59		
General Administration	432,521.46	463,792.73		
School Administration	529,674.31	765,680.96		
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	322,570.41	803,991.86		
Fiscal Services	357,623.67	465,476.19		
Food Services	1,328,453.79	1,460,716.83		
Central Services	184,433.24	181,876.14		
Student Transportation Services	1,262,101.23	1,760,121.85		
Operation of Plant	1,610,620.86	1,749,061.36		
Maintenance of Plant	351,460.41	696,266.57		
Administrative Technology Services	171,150.55 21,925.92	244,537.07 14,360.24		
Community Services Unallocated Interest on Long-Term Debt	135,172.73	19,112.70		
Unallocated Depreciation	1,440,413.99	1,842,784.59		
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	38,128.36	16,255.47		
Total Functions/Program Expenses	19,095,031.15	21,511,770.66		
•	(132,476.38)	16,509,202.78		
Change in Net Position				
Net Position - Beginning Adjustment to Beginning Net Position (1)	39,804,387.67 (426,084.00)	23,295,184.89 -		
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	39,378,303.67	23,295,184.89		
Net Position - Ending	\$ 39,245,827.29	\$ 39,804,387.67		

⁽¹⁾ Adjustment to beginning net position is due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, which is a change in accounting principle that addresses accounting and financial reporting for other postemployment benefits.

The largest revenue source is the State of Florida (47.7 percent). Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily received through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funding formula. The FEFP funding formula utilizes student enrollment data and is designed to maintain equity in funding across all Florida school districts, taking into consideration the District's funding ability based on the local property tax base.

Capital grants and contributions revenue decreased by \$19,195,998, or 99.5 percent. The decrease in funding is mainly due to the completion of the Public Education Capital Outlay (PECO) Special Facilities Construction Account funded K-6 Hamilton County Elementary School construction project during the 2017-18 fiscal year.

Property tax revenues decreased by \$152,035, or 2.8 percent, as a result of a decrease in the total millage rate. The State Legislature continues to offset rising property values with lower millage rates.

Instruction expenses represent 40.4 percent of total governmental expenses in the 2017-18 fiscal year. Total expenses decreased by \$2,416,739.51, or 11.2 percent, due primarily to a decrease in staffing and other cost containment measures resulting from a renewed focus on education and the merging of multiple elementary schools into one centralized elementary school.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the portion of fund balance that has not been limited to a particular purpose by an external party, the District, or a group or individual delegated authority by the Board to assign resources for particular purposes.

The total fund balances of governmental funds increased by \$968,797 during the fiscal year to \$1,615,685 at June 30, 2018. Approximately 18.5 percent of this amount is unassigned fund balance (\$298,421), which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, or assigned to indicate that it is (1) not in spendable form (\$63,361), (2) restricted for particular purposes (\$1,108,292), or (3) assigned for particular purposes (\$145,611).

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the District's chief operating fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance is \$298,421, while the total fund balance is \$841,194. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the total assigned and unassigned fund balances to General Fund total revenues. The total assigned and unassigned fund balance is 3.3 percent of the total General Fund revenues, while total fund balance represents 6.3 percent of total General Fund revenues.

Total fund balance increased by \$683,199 during the fiscal year primarily as a result of a decrease in staff and other cost containment measures implemented as part of the District's financial recovery plan, including those savings mentioned previously related to the opening of the new K-6 Hamilton County Elementary School.

Report No. 2019-157 March 2019 The Special Revenue – Other Fund has total revenues and expenditures of \$2,934,097 each and the funding was mainly used for instruction, instructional support services, and instructional staff training. Because grant revenues are not recognized until expenditures are incurred, this fund generally does not accumulate a fund balance.

The Capital Projects – PECO Fund has a total fund balance of \$602,532. These funds are restricted for the payback of local revenues pledged to the State for the District's share of PECO Special Facilities Construction Account funding of the new K-6 Hamilton County Elementary School and the acquisition, construction, and maintenance of capital assets.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the 2017-18 fiscal year, the District amended its General Fund budget several times, which resulted in a decrease in total budgeted revenues of \$158,240, or 1.2 percent. At the same time, final appropriations are less than the original budgeted amounts by \$243,881. Budget revisions occurred primarily from changes in estimated State funding levels and corresponding adjustments to planned expenditures to ensure maintenance of an adequate fund balance.

Final budgeted revenues, expenditures, and fund balances were in line with actual figures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2018, is \$48,281,015 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land; improvements other than buildings; buildings and fixed equipment; furniture, fixtures, and equipment; motor vehicles; and audio visual materials and computer software. During the current fiscal year, the District spent \$981,047 to complete construction of the K-6 Hamilton County Elementary School.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Notes I.F.4. and III.C. to the financial statements

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2018, the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$2,095,760, composed of \$811,000 of bonds payable, \$130,652 of installment-purchase payable, and \$1,154,108 of Special PECO Advance Payable. During the current fiscal year, retirement of debt was \$331,035.

During the current fiscal year, the District issued revenue bonds totaling \$800,000, which are secured by a pledge of the District's portion of the State's pari-mutuel replacement revenues. Proceeds were used to complete construction of the new K-6 Hamilton County Elementary School.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Notes III.H. through III.J.3. to the financial statements.

OTHER MATTERS OF SIGNIFICANCE

The latest enrollment projections for the District indicate a slight increase of approximately 15 students during the 2018-19 fiscal year, which will increase State revenue to some extent.

Housing prices are expected to increase the taxable assessed value for the 2018-19 fiscal year. However, the State Legislature continues to lower millage rates to offset the potential increase in local funding.

Lastly, the District will be opening a Department of Juvenile Justice school during the 2018-19 fiscal year, but it is not expected to be operating at full capacity until the 2019-20 fiscal year. FTE were projected and funding is available to the District, although the District is accounting for the over projection through the budgeting process.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning information provided in the MD&A or other required supplementary information, and financial statements and notes thereto, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Business Services, Hamilton County District School Board, 5683 US Highway 129 South, Suite 1, Jasper, Florida 32052.

Hamilton County District School Board Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,765,007.96	
Investments	•	459.61	
Accounts Receivable		35,861.46	
Due from Other Agencies		576,677.15	
Inventories		63,360.58	
Capital Assets:			
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		700,122.48	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net		47,580,892.51	
TOTAL ASSETS		50,722,381.75	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Other Postemployment Benefits		64,684.00	
Pensions		4,260,007.00	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		4,324,691.00	
LIABILITIES		_	
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		96,799.97	
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		165,661.58	
Accounts Payable		359,816.78	
Unearned Revenue		203,403.50	
Long-Term Liabilities:		,	
Portion Due Within 1 Year		1,581,969.91	
Portion Due After 1 Year		12,142,500.72	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		14,550,152.46	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Other Postemployment Benefits		7,770.00	
Pensions		1,243,323.00	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	1,251,093.00	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		46,185,255.36	
Restricted for:			
State Required Carryover Programs		337,154.24	
Debt Service		459.61	
Capital Projects		719,300.09	
Food Service		54,731.35	
Other Purposes		44,747.56	
Unrestricted		(8,095,820.92)	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	39,245,827.29	

Hamilton County District School Board Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

					Pro	gram Revenues
		F		Charges for		Operating Grants and
Functions/Programs	-	Expenses		Services		Contributions
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$	7,705,100.22	\$	1,170.00	\$	53,213.41
Student Support Services	Ψ	744.281.05	Ψ	1,170.00	Ψ	-
Instructional Media Services		167,377.49		_		_
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services		744,733.91		_		_
Instructional Staff Training Services		832,762.32		_		_
Instruction-Related Technology		308,114.29		_		_
Board		406,410.94		-		-
General Administration		432,521.46		-		-
School Administration		529,674.31		-		-
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		322,570.41		-		-
Fiscal Services		357,623.67		-		-
Food Services		1,328,453.79		85,532.30		1,277,556.42
Central Services		184,433.24		-		-
Student Transportation Services		1,262,101.23		23,551.92		-
Operation of Plant		1,610,620.86		-		-
Maintenance of Plant		351,460.41		-		-
Administrative Technology Services		171,150.55		-		-
Community Services		21,925.92		-		-
Unallocated Interest on Long-Term Debt		135,172.73		-		-
Unallocated Depreciation*		1,440,413.99		-		-
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	-	38,128.36		-		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$	19,095,031.15	\$	110,254.22	\$	1,330,769.83

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for Operational Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Projects

Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Adjustment to Beginning Net Position Net Position - Beginning, as Restated

Net Position - Ending

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various functions.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
\$ -	\$ (7,650,716.81)
-	(744,281.05)
-	(167,377.49) (744,733.91)
<u>-</u>	(832,762.32)
_	(308,114.29)
-	(406,410.94)
-	(432,521.46)
-	(529,674.31)
26,747.75	,
-	(357,623.67)
-	34,634.93 (184,433.24)
-	(1,238,549.31)
- -	(1,610,620.86)
19,775.00	
-	(171,150.55)
-	(21,925.92)
48,834.98	(, , ,
-	(1,440,413.99)
Φ 05 057 70	(38,128.36)
\$ 95,357.73	(17,558,649.37)
	4,075,012.32
	1,150,403.04
	11,940,459.79 5,053.05
	255,244.79
	17,426,172.99
	(132,476.38)
	39,804,387.67
	(426,084.00)
	39,378,303.67
	\$ 39,245,827.29

Hamilton County District School Board Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	General Fund				Capital Projects - Public Education Capital Outlay Fund		
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	1,012,443.16	\$	- -	\$	602,532.43	
Accounts Receivable		35,765.52		8.00		-	
Due from Other Funds		286,357.43		-		-	
Due from Other Agencies Inventories		22,978.52 15,259.93		531,541.54		-	
	\$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	531,549.54	ф	602,532.43	
TOTAL ASSETS	Φ	1,372,804.56	\$	551,549.54	\$	002,532.43	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:							
Accrued Salaries and Benefits Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	\$	59,413.05 165,661.58	\$	33,047.50	\$	-	
Accounts Payable		103,132.55		212,144.61		-	
Due to Other Funds		-		286,357.43		-	
Unearned Revenue		203,403.50		-			
Total Liabilities		531,610.68		531,549.54			
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:							
Inventories		15,259.93		-			
Restricted for:		227 154 24					
State Required Carryover Programs Debt Service		337,154.24 -		-		- -	
Capital Projects		-		-		602,532.43	
Food Service		-		-		-	
Other Purposes Total Restricted Fund Balance		44,747.56 381,901.80		-		602,532.43	
Assigned for:		301,901.00		<u> </u>	-	602,532.43	
Purchases on Order		45,611.25		-		-	
Board Approved Budget Items		100,000.00		-			
Total Assigned Fund Balance		145,611.25		-	. ——	<u>-</u>	
Unassigned Fund Balance		298,420.90		-		<u> </u>	
Total Fund Balances		841,193.88		-		602,532.43	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,372,804.56	\$	531,549.54	\$	602,532.43	

	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	150,032.37 459.61 87.94	\$	1,765,007.96 459.61 35,861.46 286,357.43
	22,157.09 48,100.65		576,677.15 63,360.58
\$	220,837.66	\$	2,727,724.19
\$	4,339.42	\$	96,799.97
	- 44,539.62 - -		165,661.58 359,816.78 286,357.43 203,403.50
_	48,879.04	_	1,112,039.26
	48,100.65		63,360.58
	- 459.61 116,767.66 6,630.70		337,154.24 459.61 719,300.09 6,630.70 44,747.56
	123,857.97 - -		1,108,292.20 45,611.25 100,000.00
	-		145,611.25
	- 171,958.62	_	298,420.90 1,615,684.93
\$	220,837.66	\$	2,727,724.19

Hamilton County District School Board Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,615,684.93
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	48,281,014.99
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	
Installment-Purchase Payable \$ (130,651.57) Bonds Payable (811,000.00) Special Public Education Capital Outlay Advance Payable (1,154,108.06) Compensated Absences Payable (1,011,581.00) Net Pension Liability (10,159,505.00) Other Postemployment Benefits Payable (457,625.00) The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(13,724,470.63)
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB \$ 64,684.00 Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB (7,770.00)	56,914.00
The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions

Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions

Net Position - Governmental Activities

3,016,684.00

\$ 39,245,827.29

4,260,007.00

(1,243,323.00)

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Hamilton County District School Board Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Povonuos		General Fund		ecial Revenue - Other Fund	Capital Projects - Public Education Capital Outlay Fund	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental:						
Federal Direct	\$	53,213.41	\$	-	\$ -	
Federal Through State and Local		85,227.98		2,934,097.47	-	
State		8,921,134.34		-	19,775.00	
Local:						
Property Taxes		4,075,012.32		-	-	
Charges for Services - Food Service		-		-	-	
Miscellaneous		281,404.33			346.37	
Total Local Revenues	-	4,356,416.65		-	346.37	
Total Revenues		13,415,992.38		2,934,097.47	20,121.37	
Expenditures						
Current - Education:						
Instruction		6,452,570.12		1,105,814.32	-	
Student Support Services		459,868.69		268,628.01	_	
Instructional Media Services		161,745.86		2,066.80	-	
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services		179,332.75		554,116.94	-	
Instructional Staff Training Services		25,876.48		797,846.16	_	
Instruction-Related Technology		305,708.49		· -	_	
Board		401,304.30		-	_	
General Administration		275,707.06		151,519.72	_	
School Administration		511,859.26		6,202.47	-	
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		105.55		· -	69,704.93	
Fiscal Services		350,811.18		-	-	
Food Services		9,526.05		-	_	
Central Services		176,842.14		4,301.29	_	
Student Transportation Services		1,016,546.32		25,399.34	-	
Operation of Plant		1,600,808.52		· -	_	
Maintenance of Plant		345,414.73		-	_	
Administrative Technology Services		168,487.46		-	_	
Community Services		21,835.00		-	-	
Fixed Capital Outlay:						
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		2,015.01		-	337,617.74	
Other Capital Outlay		207,031.33		18,202.42	-	
Debt Service:						
Principal		212,722.24		-	-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		13,000.28		-	50,283.35	
Total Expenditures		12,899,118.82		2,934,097.47	457,606.02	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		516,873.56		-	(437,484.65)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In		166,325.60		_	602,186.06	
Issuance of Bonds		-		-	-	
Transfers Out		160 205 00		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		166,325.60		<u> </u>	602,186.06	
Net Change in Fund Balances		683,199.16		-	164,701.41	
Fund Balances, Beginning		157,994.72			437,831.02	
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	841,193.88	\$	0.00	\$ 602,532.43	

Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	_	\$	53,213.41	
*	1,250,131.42	*	4,269,456.87	
	103,007.73		9,043,917.07	
	1,150,403.04		5,225,415.36	
	85,532.30		85,532.30	
	3,269.06	_	285,019.76	
	1,239,204.40	_	5,595,967.42	
	2,592,343.55	_	18,962,554.77	
	-		7,558,384.44	
	-		728,496.70 163,812.66	
	-		733,449.69	
	-		823,722.64	
	-		305,708.49	
	-		401,304.30	
	-		427,226.78	
	-		518,061.73	
	252,759.93		322,570.41	
	- 1,295,512.51		350,811.18 1,305,038.56	
	1,293,312.31		181,143.43	
	_		1,041,945.66	
	-		1,600,808.52	
	-		345,414.73	
	-		168,487.46	
	-		21,835.00	
	641,414.25		981,047.00	
	123,046.56		348,280.31	
	118,313.15		331,035.39	
	71,889.10	_	135,172.73	
	2,502,935.50		18,793,757.81	
	89,408.05		168,796.96	
	724 754 00		1 502 262 60	
	734,751.00 800,000.00		1,503,262.66 800,000.00	
	(1,503,262.66)		(1,503,262.66)	
	31,488.34		800,000.00	
	120,896.39		968,796.96	
	51,062.23		646,887.97	
\$	171,958.62	\$	1,615,684.93	
-		÷		

Hamilton County District School Board Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 968.796.96

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation expense in excess of capital outlays in the current fiscal year.

(324,848.54)

The loss on the disposal of capital assets during the current fiscal year is reported in the statement of activities. In the governmental funds, the cost of these assets was recognized as an expenditure in the fiscal year purchased. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the undepreciated cost of the disposed assets.

(38, 128.36)

Long-term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to the governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceed repayments in the current fiscal year.

Capital Lease Principal Payments	\$ 83,236.05	
Installment-Purchase Principal Payments	200,799.34	
Issuance of District Revenue Bonds	(800,000.00)	
Bond Principal Payments	47,000.00	(468,9

(468,964.61)

In the statement of activities, the cost of compensated absences is measured by the amounts earned during the year, while in the governmental funds, expenditures are recognized based on the amounts actually paid for compensated absences. This is the net amount of compensated absences used in excess of the amount earned in the current fiscal year.

130,345.17

Governmental funds report District OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions, as determined through an actuarial valuation, is reported as an OPEB expense.

Decrease in OPEB Liability	\$ 36,779.00	
Increase in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB	64,684.00	
Decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB	827.00	102,290.00

Governmental funds report District pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as a pension expense.

FRS Pension Contribution	\$ 598,303	
HIS Pension Contribution	146,023	
FRS Pension Expense	(1,041,914)	
HIS Pension Expense	 (204,379)	(501,967.00)

Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ (132,476.38)

Hamilton County District School Board Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

	Agency Funds		
ASSETS Cash Accounts Receivable	\$	191,618.00 1,080.00	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	192,698.00	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable Internal Accounts Payable	\$	17,233.00 175,465.00	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	192,698.00	

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Hamilton County School District (District). All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function. Depreciation expense associated with the District's transportation and food service departments is allocated to the student transportation services and food service functions, while remaining depreciation expense is not readily associated with a particular function and is reported as unallocated.

B. Reporting Entity

The Hamilton County District School Board (Board) has direct responsibility for operation, control, and supervision of District schools and is considered a primary government for financial reporting. The District is considered part of the Florida system of public education, operates under the general direction of the Florida Department of Education (FDOE), and is governed by State law and State Board of Education (SBE) rules. The governing body of the District is the Board, which is composed of five elected members. The elected Superintendent of Schools is the executive officer of the Board. Geographic boundaries of the District correspond with those of Hamilton County.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units that should be reported within the District's basic financial statements are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Sections 2100 and 2600. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any legally separate entities for which the Board is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Board are such that exclusion would cause the District's basic financial statements to be misleading. Based on these criteria, no component units are included within the District's reporting entity.

C. Basis of Presentation: Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation: Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including the fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund and for certain revenues from the State that are legally restricted to be expended for specific current operating purposes.
- Special Revenue Other Fund to account for certain Federal grant program resources.
- <u>Capital Projects Public Education Capital Outlay Fund</u> to account for the proceeds of Special Facilities Construction Account appropriations to be used to construct the new K-6 Hamilton County Elementary School, and for the financial resources generated by Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund to be used for facilities maintenance.

Additionally, the District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

 Agency Funds – to account for resources of the school internal funds, which are used to administer moneys collected at several schools in connection with school, student athletic, class, and club activities.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in and out. While reported in fund financial statements, transfers between the funds are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, except for certain grant revenues, are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough

thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of resources is the prime factor for determining eligibility for Federal, State, and other grant resources, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, claims and judgments, pension benefits, other postemployment benefits, and compensated absences, are only recorded General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in when payment is due. governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

The agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments classified as cash equivalents include amounts placed with the State Board of Administration (SBA) in Florida PRIME.

Cash deposits are held by banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All deposits are insured by Federal depository insurance, up to specified limits, or collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

2. Investments

Investments consist of amounts placed in the SBA debt service accounts for investment of debt service moneys and amounts placed with the SBA for participation in the Florida PRIME investment pool created by Section 218.405, Florida Statutes. The investment pool operates under investment guidelines established by Section 215.47, Florida Statutes.

The District's investments in Florida PRIME, which the SBA indicates is a Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a7-like external investment pool, are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. These investments are reported at fair value, which is amortized cost.

Types and amounts of investments held at fiscal year end are described in a subsequent note.

3. Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption in the course of District operations. Inventories are stated at last invoice, which approximates the first-in, first-out basis, except that United States Department of Agriculture donated foods are stated at their fair value as determined at the time of donation to the District's food service program by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Bureau of Food Distribution. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased during the year, and are adjusted at year end to reflect year-end physical inventories.

4. Capital Assets

Expenditures for capital assets acquired or constructed for general District purposes are reported in the governmental fund that financed the acquisition or construction. The capital assets so acquired are reported at cost in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as those costing more than \$1,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Useful Lives
Improvements Other Than Buildings	40 years
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	50 years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	3 - 15 years
Motor Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	3 - 5 years

Current year information relative to changes in capital assets is described in a subsequent note.

5. Pensions

In the government-wide statement of net position, liabilities are recognized for the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's net pension liability. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan and additions to/deductions from the FRS and the HIS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and the HIS plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The District's retirement plans and related amounts are described in a subsequent note.

6. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term obligations that will be financed from resources to be received in the future by governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statement of net position.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bonds and other long-term obligations are not recognized as liabilities until due. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

Changes in long-term liabilities for the current year are reported in a subsequent note.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are discussed in subsequent notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are discussed in subsequent notes.

8. Net Position Flow Assumption

The District occasionally funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. To calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. Consequently, it is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

9. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The District may fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). To calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation. The District reported no committed fund balances at June 30, 2018.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board has, by approval of the annual financial report, authorized the assignment of fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

2. State Revenue Sources

Significant revenues from State sources for current operations include the Florida Education Finance Program administered by the FDOE under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes. In accordance with this law, the District determines and reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the FDOE. The FDOE performs certain edit checks on the reported number of FTE and related data and calculates the allocation of funds to the District. The District is permitted to amend its original reporting during specified time periods following the date of the original reporting. The FDOE may also adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations based upon an audit of the District's compliance in determining and reporting FTE and

related data. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue in the fiscal year when the adjustments are made.

The State provides financial assistance to administer certain educational programs. SBE rules require that revenue earmarked for certain programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided, and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following fiscal year to be expended for the same educational programs. The FDOE generally requires that these educational program revenues be accounted for in the General Fund. A portion of the fund balance of the General Fund is restricted in the governmental fund financial statements for the balance of categorical and earmarked educational program resources.

The State allocates gross receipts taxes, generally known as Public Education Capital Outlay money, to the District on an annual basis. The District is authorized to expend these funds only upon applying for and receiving an encumbrance authorization from the FDOE.

Pursuant to Section 1013.64, Florida Statutes, the District received special allocations in the 2015-16, 2016-17, and 2017-18 fiscal years for specific construction needs through the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund – Special Facility Construction Account. As a condition for receiving these funds, other construction funding must be pledged for the project, including the capital outlay millage levied pursuant to Section 1011.71(2), Florida Statutes, for the following 3 fiscal years. During the 3-year period, reductions to the special allocations are made to the extent of collections from the required pledged sources.

A schedule of revenue from State sources for the current year is presented in a subsequent note.

3. District Property Taxes

The Board is authorized by State law to levy property taxes for district school operations, capital improvements, and debt service.

Property taxes consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. Property values are determined by the Hamilton County Property Appraiser, and property taxes are collected by the Hamilton County Tax Collector.

The Board adopted the 2017 tax levy on October 2, 2017. Tax bills are mailed in October and taxes are payable between November 1 of the year assessed and March 31 of the following year at discounts of up to 4 percent for early payment.

Taxes become a lien on the property on January 1 and are delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. State law provides for enforcement of collection of personal property taxes by seizure of the property to satisfy unpaid taxes and for enforcement of collection of real property taxes by the sale of interest-bearing tax certificates to satisfy unpaid taxes. The procedures result in the collection of essentially all taxes prior to June 30 of the year following the year of assessment.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the government-wide financial statements when the Board adopts the tax levy. Property tax revenues are recognized in the governmental fund

financial statements when taxes are received by the District, except that revenue is accrued for taxes collected by the Hamilton County Tax Collector at fiscal year end but not yet remitted to the District.

Millages and taxes levied for the current year are presented in a subsequent note.

4. Federal Revenue Sources

The District receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to, and approved by, various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred.

5. Compensated Absences

In the government-wide financial statements, compensated absences (i.e., paid absences for employee vacation leave and sick leave) are accrued as liabilities to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only if it has matured, such as for occurrences of employee resignations and retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

II. ACCOUNTING CHANGE

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75. The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which replaces GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) provided to employees of state and local government employers; establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses; requires governments to report a liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses on the face of the financial statements for the OPEB that they provide; and requires more extensive note disclosures and supplementary information about a government's OPEB liability. The beginning net position of the District was decreased by \$426,084 due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 75. The District's total OPEB liability and related deferred inflows of resources reported at June 30, 2017, increased by \$417,487 and \$8,597 respectively, as of July 1, 2017, due to the transition in the valuation methods under GASB Statement No. 45 to GASB Statement No. 75, and the beginning balance for deferred outflows of resources was not restated.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the District will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to

recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. All bank balances of the District are fully insured or collateralized as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

B. Investments

The District's investments at June 30, 2018, are reported as follows:

Investments	<u>Maturities</u> Fai		air Value
SBA: Florida PRIME (1)	30 Day Average	\$	3,174.55
Debt Service Accounts Total Investments	6 Months	\$	459.61 3,634.16

⁽¹⁾ This investment is reported as a cash equivalent for financial statement reporting purposes.

Fair Value Measurement

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investments in SBA debt service accounts are valued using Level 1 inputs.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

Florida PRIME uses a weighted average days to maturity (WAM). A portfolio's WAM reflects the average maturity in days based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of the portfolio to interest rate changes.

For Florida PRIME, with regard to redemption gates, Section 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states, "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the board [State Board of Administration] can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the executive director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the executive director until the trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the trustees

agree with such measures, the trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the trustees exceed 15 days." As of June 30, 2018, there were no redemption fees, maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Section 218.415(17), Florida Statutes, limits investments to the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund [Florida PRIME], or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act as provided in Section 163.01, Florida Statutes; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories, as defined in Section 280.02, Florida Statutes; and direct obligations of the United States Treasury. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits its investment choices.

The District's investments in the SBA debt service accounts are to provide for debt service payments on bond debt issued by the SBE for the benefit of the District. The District relies on policies developed by the SBA for managing interest rate risk and credit risk for this account. Disclosures for the Debt Service Accounts are included in the notes to financial statements of the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The District's investment in Florida PRIME is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

C. Changes in Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets are presented in the following table:

	Beginning Balance	Reclassification (1)					Ending Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$ 700,122.48 22,172,318.54	\$ - -	\$_	- -	\$ - 22,172,318.54	\$	700,122.48
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	22,872,441.02		_	<u> </u>	22,172,318.54		700,122.48
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Improvements Other Than Buildings	2,435,945.88	_		-	-		2,435,945.88
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	33,169,545.65	-		23,153,365.54	-		56,322,911.19
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	4,356,562.15	245,711.08		343,438.81	1,166,351.72		3,779,360.32
Motor Vehicles	3,779,587.17	-		-	360,432.90		3,419,154.27
Property Under Capital Lease Audio Visual Materials and	245,711.08	(245,711.08)		-	-		-
Computer Software	637,098.68	<u> </u>	_	4,841.50	471,646.35		170,293.83
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	44,624,450.61		_	23,501,645.85	1,998,430.97		66,127,665.49
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Improvements Other Than Buildings	932,755.11	-		65,593.55	-		998,348.66
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	10,713,880.03	-		1,126,458.23	-		11,840,338.26
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	3,781,690.60	37,565.38		240,499.26	1,156,820.91		2,902,934.33
Motor Vehicles	2,790,121.75	=		210,678.16	331,835.35		2,668,964.56
Property Under Capital Lease	37,565.38	(37,565.38)		-	-		-
Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	596,886.87		_	10,946.65	471,646.35		136,187.17
Total Accumulated Depreciation	18,852,899.74		_	1,654,175.85	1,960,302.61		18,546,772.98
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	25,771,550.87	<u> </u>	_	21,847,470.00	38,128.36		47,580,892.51
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 48,643,991.89	\$ 0.00	\$_	21,847,470.00	\$ 22,210,446.90	\$ 4	48,281,014.99

⁽¹⁾ Equipment and related depreciation no longer under capital lease at June 30, 2018, was reclassified to furniture, fixtures, and equipment.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Function	 Amount		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
Food Services	\$ 9,925.84		
Student Transportation Services	203,836.02		
Unallocated	 1,440,413.99		
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,654,175.85		

D. Retirement Plans

1. FRS - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

General Information about the FRS

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree HIS Program, a cost-sharing

multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the District are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The District's FRS and HIS pension expense totaled \$1,246,293 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

FRS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are:

- Regular Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Employees enrolled in the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

The DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following table shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	Percent Value
Regular Members Initially Enrolled Before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Members Initially Enrolled On or After July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member was initially enrolled in the Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member was initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

<u>Contributions</u>. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2017-18 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of Gross Salary			
Class	Employee	Employer (1)		
FRS, Regular	3.00	7.92		
FRS, Elected County Officers	3.00	45.50		
DROP – Applicable to Members from All of the Above Classes	0.00	13.26		
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(2)	(2)		

- (1) Employer rates include 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06 percent for administrative costs of the Investment Plan.
- (2) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

The District's contributions to the Plan totaled \$598,303 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$6,843,995 for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2016-17 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2016-17 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportionate share was 0.023137764 percent, which was a decrease of 0.001555661 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized the Plan pension expense of \$1,041,914. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	erred Outflows f Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$ 628,114	\$ 37,912		
Change of Assumptions	2,300,066	_		
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on FRS Pension Plan Investments	-	169,611		
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between				
District FRS Contributions and Proportionate				
Share of Contributions	-	423,188		
District FRS Contributions Subsequent to		,		
the Measurement Date	 598,303	 <u> </u>		
Total	\$ 3,526,483	\$ 630,711		

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$598,303, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as

deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Amount		
2019	\$ 257,119		
2020 2021	845,875 575,820		
2022	59,249		
2023 Thereafter	403,678 155,728		
Total	\$ 2,297,469		

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60 percent

Salary Increases 3.25 percent, average, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.10 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1%	3.0%	3.0%	1.8%
Fixed Income	18%	4.5%	4.4%	4.2%
Global Equity	53%	7.8%	6.6%	17.0%
Real Estate (Property)	10%	6.6%	5.9%	12.8%
Private Equity	6%	11.5%	7.8%	30.0%
Strategic Investments	12%	6.1%	5.6%	9.7%
Total	100%	- -		
Assumed inflation - Mean		-	2.6%	1.9%

⁽¹⁾ As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.1 percent. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The discount rate used in the 2017 valuation was updated from 7.6 percent to 7.1 percent.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.1 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.1 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.1 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Current		1%
	Decrease (6.1%)	Discount Rate (7.1%)	Increase (8.1%)
District's Proportionate Share of			
the Net Pension Liability	\$ 12,387,218	\$ 6,843,995	\$ 2,241,850

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

HIS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Federal Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u>. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The District contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The District's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$146,023 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2018, the District reported a net pension liability of \$3,315,510 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The current portion of the net pension liability is the District's proportionate share of benefit payments expected to be paid within 1 year, net of the District's proportionate share of the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position available to pay that amount. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016, and update procedures were used to determine liabilities as of July 1, 2017. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2016-17 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2016-17 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportionate share was 0.031007919 percent, which was a decrease of 0.002030154 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized the HIS Plan pension expense of \$204,379. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$ -	\$	6,903	
Change of Assumptions	466,047		286,696	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on HIS Pension Plan Investments	1,839		-	
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between				
District HIS Contributions and Proportionate				
Share of Contributions	119,615		319,013	
District HIS Contributions Subsequent to				
the Measurement Date	 146,023			
Total	\$ 733,524	\$	612,612	

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$146,023, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30		mount
2019	\$	6,529
2020	•	6,181
2021		6,014
2022		29,265
2023		2,119
Thereafter		(75,219)
Total	\$	(25,111)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60 percent

Salary Increases 3.25 percent, average, including inflation

Municipal Bond Rate 3.58 percent

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projected Scale BB.

While an experience study had not been completed for the HIS Plan, the actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Plan.

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.58 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate changed from 2.85 percent to 3.58 percent.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.58 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.58 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.58 percent) than the current rate:

	1%			Current		1%
		Decrease (2.58%)	Dis	(3.58%)		Increase (4.58%)
District's Proportionate Share of	¢	2 702 426	¢	2 245 540	c	2 025 752
the Net Pension Liability	Ф	3,783,436	\$	3,315,510	\$	2,925,753

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

2. FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. District employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. Allocations to the Investment Plan member accounts during the 2017-18 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of
	Gross
Class	Compensation
FRS, Regular	6.30
FRS, Elected County Officers	11.34

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings, regardless of membership class. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the District.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a

Report No. 2019-157 March 2019 lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided in which the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The District's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$89,955.36 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

E. Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

Plan Description. The Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District that provides OPEB for all employees who satisfy the District's retirement eligibility provisions. Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees who retire from the District are eligible to participate in the District's health and hospitalization plan for medical and prescription drug coverage. Retirees and their eligible dependents shall be offered the same health and hospitalization insurance coverage as is offered to active employees at a premium cost of no more than the premium cost applicable to active employees. The District subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the OPEB Plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because retiree healthcare costs are generally greater than active employee healthcare costs. The OPEB Plan contribution requirements and benefit terms of the District and the OPEB Plan members are established and may be amended through action from the Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. The OPEB Plan provides healthcare insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. In addition to the implicit subsidy described above, certain retirees receive insurance coverage at a lower (explicit subsidy) premium rate than active employees pursuant to Board approval each year. These benefit terms provide for payment of \$50 per month toward health insurance premiums for non-Medicare-eligible retirees until the retiree reaches the age of 65. Retirees are assumed to enroll in the Federal Medicare program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible.

<u>Employees Covered by Benefit Terms</u>. At June 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	19
Active Employees	154
Total	173

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>. The District's total OPEB liability of \$457,625 was measured as of June 30, 2017, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs</u>. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary Increases Salary increase rates used in the July 1, 2016,

actuarial valuation of the FRS; 3.7-7.8 percent,

including inflation.

Discount Rate 3.56 percent

Retirement Age Retirement rates used in the July 1, 2016, actuarial

valuation of the FRS. They are based on the results of a Statewide experience study covering the period

2008 through 2013.

Mortality Mortality tables used in the July 1, 2016, actuarial

valuation of the FRS. They are based on the results of a Statewide experience study covering the period

2008 through 2013.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Based on the Getzen Model, with trend rates starting

at 7 percent and gradually decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.24 percent plus 0.25 increase for excise

tax.

Aging Factors Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care

Costs – From Birth to Death."

Expenses Administrative expenses are included in the per

capita health costs.

For plans that do not have formal assets, the discount rate should equal the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA rating as of the measurement date. For the purpose of the OPEB Plan actuarial valuation, the municipal bond rate of 3.56 percent was based on the daily rate of Fidelity's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" closest to but not later than the measurement date.

Demographic assumptions employed in the actuarial valuation were the same as those employed in the July 1, 2016, actuarial valuation of the FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan. These demographic assumptions were developed by FRS from an actuarial experience study, and therefore are appropriate for use in the OPEB Plan actuarial valuation. These include assumed rates of future termination, mortality, disability, and retirement. In addition, salary increase assumptions (for development of the pattern of the normal cost increases) were the same as those used in the July 1, 2016, actuarial valuation of the FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Assumptions used in valuation of benefits for participants of the FRS Investment plan are the same as for similarly situated participants of the FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Due to the composition of the population, only assumptions applicable to Regular Class members have been used in the OPEB Plan actuarial valuation.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability.

	Amount		
Balance at June 30, 2017, as Restated	\$	494,404	
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost		16,475	
Interest		14,060	
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		(8,597)	
Benefit Payments		(58,717)	
Net Changes		(36,779)	
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	457,625	

Changes of assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.92 percent in 2016 to 3.56 percent in 2017.

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>. The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.56 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.56 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current		1%		
		Decrease (2.56%)		Discount Rate (3.56%)		Increase (4.56%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	470,109	\$	457,625	\$	442,034	

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>. The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6 percent decreasing to 3.64 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8 percent decreasing to 5.64 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			thcare Cost and Rates			
	 1% Decrease (6% to 3.64%)		Current (7% to 4.64%)		1% Increase (8% to 5.64%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 425,612	\$	457,625	\$	493,177	

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$29,708. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs Benefits Paid Subsequent to the	\$	-	\$	7,770	
Measurement Date		64,684		-	
Total	\$	64,684	\$	7,770	

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, totaling \$64,684, resulting from benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. The amount reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	A	mount
2019	\$	(827)
2020		(827)
2021		(827)
2022		(827)
2023		(827)
Thereafter		(3,635)
Total	\$	(7,770)

F. Other Significant Commitments

Encumbrances. Appropriations in governmental funds are encumbered upon issuance of purchase orders for goods and services. Even though appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, unfilled purchase orders of the current year are carried forward and the next fiscal year's appropriations are likewise encumbered.

The following is a schedule of encumbrances at June 30, 2018:

-	Major Funds						
	Special Revenue - General Other			Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	50,565.00	\$	224,509.36	\$	51,015.42	\$	326,089.78

G. Risk Management Programs

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the North East Florida Educational Consortium (Consortium) under which several district school boards have established a combined limited self-insurance program for property protection, general liability, automobile liability, workers' compensation, money and securities, employee fidelity and faithful performance, boiler and machinery, and other coverage deemed necessary by the members of the Consortium. Section 1001.42(12)(k), Florida Statutes, provides the authority for the District to

enter into such a risk management program. The Consortium is self-sustaining through member assessments (premiums) and purchases coverage through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts. The Board of Directors for the Consortium is composed of superintendents of all participating districts. The Putnam County District School Board serves as fiscal agent for the Consortium.

Employee health and hospitalization coverage are being provided through purchased commercial insurance with minimum deductibles for each line of coverage.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past 3 fiscal years.

H. Installment-Purchase Payable

Computer equipment with a purchase price of \$390,780 was acquired under an installment-purchase agreement. Future minimum installment-purchase payments and the present value of the minimum installment-purchase payments as of June 30 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total	Principal	Interest	
2019	\$ 131,827.43	\$ 130,651.57	\$ 1,175.86	

The stated interest rate is 0.9 percent.

I. Changes in Short-Term Debt

The following is a schedule of changes in short-term debt:

	Beginn Balan	_	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
Tax Anticipation Note	\$	0	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 1,600,000	\$	0

Proceeds from the tax anticipation note were used as working capital reserves in the General Fund as permitted under State and Federal tax laws.

J. Long-Term Liabilities

1. Special Public Education Capital Outlay Advance Payable

The liability at June 30, 2018, of \$1,154,108.06 represents the amount of the Public Education Capital Outlay Special Facilities allocation expected to be replaced by other District capital outlay sources that are committed under Section 1013.64, Florida Statutes, for funding specific construction needs. The liability is expected to be retired by the close of the 2018-19 fiscal year.

2. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Bond Type	Amount Outstanding		Interest Rates (Percent)	Annual Maturity To
State School Bonds: Series 2014B, Refunding District Revenue Bonds:	\$	11,000	2 - 5	2020
Series 2017, Capital Improvement		800,000	4.5	2028
Total Bonds Payable	\$	811,000		

The various bonds were issued to finance capital outlay projects of the District. The following is a description of the bonded debt issues:

State School Bonds

These bonds are issued by the SBE on behalf of the District. The bonds mature serially and are secured by a pledge of the District's portion of the State-assessed motor vehicle license tax. The State's full faith and credit is also pledged as security for these bonds. Principal and interest payments, investment of debt service fund resources, and compliance with reserve requirements are administered by the SBE and the SBA.

<u>District Revenue Bonds</u>

These bonds were issued by the District in order to finance the completion of the construction, furnishing, and equipping of Hamilton County Elementary School and are authorized by Chapter 31459, Laws of Florida (1956), and a resolution adopted by the Hamilton District School Board on October 19, 2017. The bonds are secured by pari-mutuel replacement revenues distributed annually to Hamilton County from the State pursuant to Section 212.20(6)(d)6.a., Florida Statutes, as a replacement for moneys distributed under Section 550.135, Florida Statues, prior to July 1, 2000. As required by the bond resolution, the District has established the sinking fund and reserve account and has accumulated and maintained adequate resources in the sinking fund and reserve account.

The District has pledged a total of \$992,150 of sales tax distribution revenues in connection with the District Revenue Bonds of 2017, described above. During the 2017-18 fiscal year, the District recognized sales tax distribution revenues totaling \$223,250 and expended \$19,300 (9 percent) of these revenues for debt service directly collateralized by these revenues. The pledged sales tax distribution revenues are committed until final maturity of the debt on November 1, 2027. Approximately 44 percent of this revenue stream has been pledged in connection with debt service on the revenue bonds.

Annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total	Principal	Interest
State School Bonds: 2019 2020	\$ 5,370.00 6,120.00	\$ 5,000.00 6,000.00	\$ 370.00 120.00
Total State School Bonds	11,490.00	11,000.00	490.00
District Revenue Bonds: 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024-2028	99,537.50 101,500.00 98,350.00 100,087.50 101,600.00 491,075.00	65,000.00 70,000.00 70,000.00 75,000.00 80,000.00 440,000.00	34,537.50 31,500.00 28,350.00 25,087.50 21,600.00 51,075.00
Total District Revenue Bonds	992,150.00	800,000.00	192,150.00
Total	\$ 1,003,640.00	\$ 811,000.00	\$ 192,640.00

3. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

Description	Beginning Balance	Additions Deductions		Ending Balance	Due In One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Obligation Under Capital Lease	\$ 83,236.05	\$ -	\$ 83,236.05	\$ -	\$ -
Installment-Purchase Payable	331,450.91	-	200,799.34	130,651.57	130,651.57
Bonds Payable	58,000.00	800,000.00	47,000.00	811,000.00	70,000.00
Special Public Education Capital Outlay					
Advance Payable	1,154,108.06	-	-	1,154,108.06	1,154,108.06
Compensated Absences Payable	1,141,926.17	130,345.17	260,690.34	1,011,581.00	73,326.28
Net Pension Liability	10,085,560.00	1,990,619.00	1,916,674.00	10,159,505.00	89,200.00
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable (1)	494,404.00	30,535.00	67,314.00	457,625.00	64,684.00
Total Governmental Activities	\$13,348,685.19	\$2,951,499.17	\$2,575,713.73	\$13,724,470.63	\$1,581,969.91

⁽¹⁾ The OPEB payable beginning balance resulted from the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, as described in Note II.

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, pensions, and other postemployment benefits are generally liquidated with resources of the General Fund

K. Fund Balance Reporting

In addition to committed and assigned fund balance categories discussed in Note I.F.10., fund balances may be classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance. Nonspendable fund balance is the net current financial resources that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Generally, not in spendable form means that an item is not expected to be converted to cash.
- Restricted Fund Balance. Restricted fund balance is the portion of fund balance on which constraints have been placed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance places the most binding level of constraint on the use of fund balance.
- <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>. The unassigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that
 is the residual classification for the General Fund. This balance represents amounts that have

not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes.

L. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables reported in the fund financial statements:

	Interfund								
Funds	Receivables	Payables							
Major:									
General	\$ 286,357.43	\$ -							
Special Revenue - Other		286,357.43							
Total	\$ 286,357.43	\$ 286,357.43							

The interfund receivable and payable represent a temporary loan to cover an anticipated deficit cash balance in the pooled accounts. These amounts are expected to be repaid within 1 year.

M. Revenues

1. Schedule of State Revenue Sources

The following is a schedule of the District's State revenue sources for the 2017-18 fiscal year:

Source	Amount
Florida Education Finance Program	\$ 6,660,818.00
Categorical Educational Program - Class Size Reduction	1,626,604.00
Voluntary Prekindergarten Program	133,395.80
Motor Vehicle License Tax (Capital Outlay and Debt Service)	76,715.26
Workforce Development Program	71,401.00
Gross Receipts Tax (Public Education Capital Outlay)	19,775.00
Miscellaneous	455,208.01
Total	\$ 9,043,917.07

Accounting policies relating to certain State revenue sources are described in Note I.G.2.

2. Property Taxes

The following is a summary of millages and taxes levied on the 2017 tax roll for the 2017-18 fiscal year:

Millages	Taxes Levied
4.313	\$ 3,418,069.84
0.748	592,792.34
0.250	198,125.78
1.500	1,188,754.77
6.811	\$ 5,397,742.73
	4.313 0.748 0.250

N. Interfund Transfers

The following is a summary of interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements:

	Interfund								
Funds	Т	ransfers In	Trans	fers Out					
Major:									
General	\$	166,325.60	\$	-					
Capital Projects:									
Public Education Capital Outlay		602,186.06		-					
Nonmajor Governmental		734,751.00	1,50	3,262.66					
Total	\$	1,503,262.66	\$ 1,50	3,262.66					

Interfund transfers were to move restricted capital outlay revenues to offset eligible property insurance premium expenditures and maintenance salaries in the General Fund, to move District required capital outlay funding for the Special Facilities Construction Account funding, and to move proceeds from the nonmajor District Revenue Bond – Debt Service Fund to the nonmajor District Revenue Bond – Capital Projects Fund.

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General and Major Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General Fund									
	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues										
Intergovernmental:										
Federal Direct	\$	25,000.00	\$	53,963.41	\$	53,213.41	\$	(750.00)		
Federal Through State and Local		139,000.00		85,227.98		85,227.98		-		
State		9,204,650.00		8,920,384.34		8,921,134.34		750.00		
Local:		0.054.500.00		4.075.040.00		4 075 040 00				
Property Taxes		3,951,582.00		4,075,012.32		4,075,012.32		-		
Miscellaneous Total Local Revenues		254,000.00 4,205,582.00		281,404.33 4,356,416.65		281,404.33 4,356,416.65	-	<u> </u>		
		4,205,562.00		4,330,410.03	_	4,330,410.03				
Total Revenues		13,574,232.00		13,415,992.38		13,415,992.38				
Expenditures										
Current - Education:										
Instruction		6,000,000.00		6,552,570.12		6,452,570.12		100,000.00		
Student Support Services		390,000.00		459,868.69		459,868.69		-		
Instructional Media Services		190,000.00		161,745.86		161,745.86		-		
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services		185,000.00		179,332.75		179,332.75		-		
Instructional Staff Training Services		210,000.00		25,876.48		25,876.48		-		
Instruction-Related Technology		300,000.00		305,708.49		305,708.49		-		
Board		430,000.00		401,304.30		401,304.30		-		
General Administration School Administration		290,000.00		275,707.06		275,707.06		-		
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		575,000.00 445,000.00		511,859.26 105.55		511,859.26 105.55		-		
Fiscal Services		525,000.00		350,811.18		350,811.18		_		
Food Services		-		9,526.05		9,526.05		_		
Central Services		195,000.00		176,842.14		176,842.14		_		
Student Transportation Services		1,290,000.00		1,016,546.32		1,016,546.32		-		
Operation of Plant		1,300,000.00		1,600,808.52		1,600,808.52		-		
Maintenance of Plant		580,000.00		345,414.73		345,414.73		-		
Administrative Technology Services		230,000.00		168,487.46		168,487.46		-		
Community Services		23,000.00		21,835.00		21,835.00		-		
Fixed Capital Outlay:										
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		-		2,015.01		2,015.01		-		
Other Capital Outlay		-		207,031.33		207,031.33		-		
Debt Service:		05 000 00		040 700 04		040 700 04				
Principal		85,000.00		212,722.24		212,722.24		-		
Interest and Fiscal Charges		<u>-</u>		13,000.28	_	13,000.28		<u>-</u>		
Total Expenditures	_	13,243,000.00	_	12,999,118.82		12,899,118.82		100,000.00		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		331,232.00		416,873.56		516,873.56		100,000.00		
Other Financing Sources										
Transfers In		133,000.00		166,325.60		166,325.60				
Total Other Financing Sources		133,000.00	_	166,325.60	_	166,325.60				
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances, Beginning		464,232.00		583,199.16 157,994.72		683,199.16 157,994.72		100,000.00		
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	464,232.00	\$	741,193.88	\$	841,193.88	\$	100,000.00		

			Special Reven	ue -	Other Fund						
	Original Final Budget Budget		Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)					
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- (4.000.000.40)				
	3,747,858.75		4,774,077.90		2,934,097.47		(1,839,980.43)				
	-		-		-		-				
	-		-		-		-				
	-		-		-		-				
	-		-		-		-				
	3,747,858.75		4,774,077.90		2,934,097.47		(1,839,980.43)				
	1,395,710.44		1,856,726.77		1,105,814.32		750,912.45				
	307,154.12		440,349.26		268,628.01		171,721.25				
	-		2,066.80		2,066.80		-				
	700,499.19		850,432.60		554,116.94		296,315.66				
	1,046,897.26		1,236,460.35		797,846.16		438,614.19				
	-		-		-		-				
	-		-		-		-				
	191,798.52		230,520.68		151,519.72		79,000.96				
	8,313.55		35,413.75		6,202.47		29,211.28				
	-		-		-		-				
	-		-		-		-				
	- FF 207 40		- 25 600 60		4 204 20		-				
	55,397.40 36,189.48		35,698.69 62,307.79		4,301.29 25,399.34		31,397.40 36,908.45				
	5,898.79		5,898.79		25,399.34		5,898.79				
	5,090.79		5,030.73		_		3,030.79				
	_		_		_		_				
	_		_		_		_				
	-		-		-		-				
	-		18,202.42		18,202.42		-				
	-		-		-		-				
	-		-		-		-				
	3,747,858.75		4,774,077.90		2,934,097.47		1,839,980.43				
	-		-		-		-				
	-		-		-		-				
	-		-		-		-				
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
	-		_		_		_				
\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00				
Ψ	0.00	Ψ	0.00	Ψ	0.00	Ψ	0.00				

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	2018				
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$	16,475			
Interest		14,060			
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		(8,597)			
Benefit Payments		(58,717)			
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(36,779)			
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning, as Restated		494,404			
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	457,625			
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	5,431,366			
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		8.43%			

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (1)

		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
District's Proportion of the FRS Net Pension Liability	0.0	23137764%	0.0	024693425%	0.0	26365933%	0.0	26515981%	0.0)27240606%
District's Proportionate Share of the FRS Net Pension Lliability	\$	6,843,995	\$	6,235,109	\$	3,405,514	\$	1,617,865	\$	4,689,321
District's Covered Payroll	\$	9,899,674	\$	10,202,640	\$	9,772,145	\$	9,212,710	\$	10,110,731
District's Proportionate Share of the FRS Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll		69.13%		61.11%		34.85%		17.56%		46.38%
FRS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		83.89%		84.88%		92.00%		96.09%		88.54%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of District Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (1)

	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Contractually Required FRS Contribution	\$ 598,303	\$ 602,333	\$ 602,189	\$ 642,824	\$ 580,812
FRS Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(598,303)	 (602,333)	 (602,189)	 (642,824)	(580,812)
FRS Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 8,794,621	\$ 9,899,674	\$ 10,202,640	\$ 9,772,145	\$ 9,212,710
FRS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	6.80%	6.08%	5.90%	6.58%	6.30%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan (1)

	2017		2016		2015		2014		2013	
District's Proportion of the HIS Net Pension Liability	0.0	31007919%	0.0	033038073%	0.0)32194770%	0.0	31007513%	0.0	034803415%
District's Proportionate Share of the HIS Net Pension Liability	\$	3,315,510	\$	3,850,451	\$	3,283,360	\$	2,899,278	\$	3,030,095
District's Covered Payroll	\$	9,899,674	\$	10,202,640	\$	9,772,145	\$	9,212,710	\$	10,110,731
District's Proportionate Share of the HIS Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		33.49%		37.74%		33.60%		31.47%		29.97%
HIS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		1.64%		0.97%		0.50%		0.99%		1.78%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of District Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan (1)

	 2018		2017		2016		2015	2014	
Contractually Required HIS Contribution	\$ 146,023	\$	164,103	\$	169,341	\$	123,068	\$	106,221
HIS Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (146,023)		(164,103)		(169,341)		(123,068)		(106,221)
HIS Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	_
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 8,794,621	\$	9,899,674	\$	10,202,640	\$	9,772,145	\$	9,212,710
HIS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.66%		1.66%		1.66%		1.26%		1.15%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The Board follows procedures established by State law and State Board of Education (SBE) rules in establishing budget balances for governmental funds, as described below:

- Budgets are prepared, public hearings are held, and original budgets are adopted annually for all governmental fund types in accordance with procedures and time intervals prescribed by State law and SBE rules.
- Appropriations are controlled at the object level (e.g., salaries, purchased services, and capital
 outlay) within each activity (e.g., instruction, student transportation services, and school
 administration) and may be amended by resolution at any Board meeting prior to the due date for
 the annual financial report.
- Budgets are prepared using the same modified accrual basis as is used to account for governmental funds.
- Budgetary information is integrated into the accounting system and, to facilitate budget control, budget balances are encumbered when purchase orders are issued. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and encumbrances outstanding are honored from the subsequent year's appropriations.

2. Schedule of Changes in the District's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Changes of Assumptions. The discount rate was changed from 2.92 percent as of the beginning of the measurement period to 3.56 percent as of June 30, 2017.

3. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7.6 percent to 7.1 percent, and the active member mortality assumption was updated.

Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. The municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was increased from 2.85 percent to 3.58 percent.

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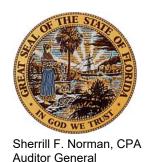
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Hamilton County District School Board Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster	Federal CFDA Number	Pass - Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Expenditures
Clustered				
Child Nutrition Cluster: United States Department of Agriculture: Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.553 10.555 10.559	18002 18001, 18003 18006, 18007	\$ - - -	\$ 488,526.41 730,299.31 19,748.76
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				1,238,574.48
Special Education Cluster: United States Department of Education: Florida Department of Education: Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.027 84.173	262, 263 266, 267	91,500.00 -	1,175,343.43 136,759.76
Total Special Education Cluster			91,500.00	1,312,103.19
Not Clustered				·
United States Department of Agriculture: Florida Department of Health: Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	A-4931	-	11,556.94
United States Department of Defense: Army Junior Reserve Officers Training Corps	12.UNK	N/A	_	53,213.41
United States Department of Education: Teacher Incentive Fund Florida Department of Education:	84.374	N/A	-	159,536.29
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Education for Homeless Children and Youth Rural Education English Language Acquisition State Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.010 84.048 84.196 84.358 84.365 84.367	212, 226 161 127 110 102 224	:	1,221,989.29 46,680.23 45,408.80 49,004.08 21,479.16 68,624.45
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Total United States Department of Education	84.424	241		9,271.98
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 91,500.00	\$ 4,237,442.30

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this Schedule.

- Notes: (1) <u>Basis of Presentation</u>. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the Federal award activity of the Hamilton County District School Board under programs of the Federal Government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.
 - (2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, or the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
 - (3) <u>Indirect Cost Rate</u>. The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
 - (4) Noncash Assistance for National School Lunch Program. Includes \$86,742.98 of donated food received during the fiscal year. Donated foods are valued at fair value as determined at the time of donation.



AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

Claude Denson Pepper Building, Suite G74 111 West Madison Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1450



Phone: (850) 412-2722 Fax: (850) 488-6975

The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hamilton County District School Board, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2019, included under the heading INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the school internal funds, as described in our report on the District's financial statements. The financial statements of the school internal funds were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control

that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying **SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS** as Financial Statement Finding No. 2018-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Finding

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying **SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS** Financial Statement Finding No. 2018-001 and in the **CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN**. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted.

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA Tallahassee, Florida

March 13, 2019



AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

Claude Denson Pepper Building, Suite G74 111 West Madison Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1450



Phone: (850) 412-2722 Fax: (850) 488-6975

The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Hamilton County District School Board's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major Federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The District's major Federal programs are identified in **SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS** of the accompanying **SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

District management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA Tallahassee, Florida

March 13, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness identified?

Significant deficiency identified? Yes

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major Federal programs:

Material weakness identified?

Significant deficiencies identified?

None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major

Federal programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major Federal programs:

CFDA Numbers: Name of Federal Program or Cluster:

10.553, 10.555, and 10.559

Child Nutrition Cluster

84.027 and 84.173

Special Education Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low risk auditee? No

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Information Technology – Access Privileges

Finding Number
Opinion Unit
Not Applicable
Financial Statements
Account Title(s)
Fund Name
Adjustment Amounts
Statistically Valid Sample
Prior Year Finding
Not Applicable
Not Applicable
Not Applicable
Not Applicable

Finding

The Director of Business Services, who had primary responsibility for monitoring District financial activities, had full update access privileges to information technology (IT) applications and components that allowed him to perform functions incompatible or inconsistent with his assigned job responsibilities.

Criteria

Access controls are intended to protect data and IT resources from unauthorized disclosure, modification, or destruction. Effective access controls include granting employees access to IT resources based on a demonstrated need to view, change, or delete data and restrict employees from performing incompatible functions or functions inconsistent with their assigned job responsibilities.

In addition, periodic evaluations of assigned IT access privileges are necessary to ensure the employees can only access those IT resources that are necessary to perform their assigned job responsibilities and that assigned IT access privileges enforce an appropriate separation of incompatible duties.

Condition

Our review of District records and inquiries with District personnel disclosed that an inadequate separation of duties existed in that the Director of Business Services, who had primary responsibility for monitoring District financial activities such as reviewing and approving payroll and other expenditure transactions, also had systemwide access and, thereby, had full update capability to all functions within the finance and human resource applications. In addition, District personnel were unable to provide documentation supporting periodic review of user access privileges, including who performed the review, the date of the review, and the results of the review. Subsequent to our inquiry, in February 2019 District personnel conducted a review of user access and documented the results.

In response to our inquires, District personnel indicated they are working with North East Florida Educational Consortium to determine the best way to remedy the inappropriate or unnecessary IT access privileges for the Director of Business Services without limiting employee productivity.

According to District personnel, the Director of Business Services has an overall understanding of the accounting system and is the contact for accounting information, training, and trouble shooting. To be able to accomplish these tasks, systemwide access was assigned to allow the Director to perform these duties as well as identify and correct problems.

Effect

Cause

Our examination of District records and discussions with District personnel indicated that the District had certain controls in place, such as:

 Cash receipt and disbursement processing by personnel other than the Director of Business Services.

> Report No. 2019-157 March 2019

- Superintendent review and approval of Director of Business Services activities and time worked.
- Board and Superintendent monthly expenditure review and approval.

While these controls compensated, in part, for the deficiencies, the existence of inappropriate or unnecessary IT access privileges increase the risk that unauthorized disclosure, modification, or destruction of District data and IT resources may occur and not be timely detected.

Our examination of District records supporting selected transactions indicated that the selected transactions were properly supported; however, our procedures cannot substitute for management's responsibility to establish and maintain an adequate system of internal control.

District management should ensure that assigned IT access privileges restrict

employees from performing functions incompatible or inconsistent with their assigned job responsibilities. Such efforts should include a documented periodic

review of assigned IT user access privileges.

District Response

The District is revising update access privileges for the Director of Business Services to ensure maximum data security while continuing to allow for

operational efficiency. In addition, the District has implemented procedures to

ensure documented periodic evaluations of IT access privileges.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters are reported.

Recommendation

PRIOR AUDIT FOLLOW-UP

The District had taken corrective actions for the financial statement audit findings included in our report No. 2018-162.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS



Hamilton County School District

Business Services Department

5683 US Highway 129 South, Suite 1 Jasper, Florida 32052 Phone: 386.792.1228 – Fax: 386.792.3681

Rex L. Mitchell, Superintendent

Michael D. Vinson Jr., Director of Business Services

School Board Members

Cheryl McCall – District 1 Gary Godwin – District 2 Saul Speights – District 3 Johnny Bullard – District 4 Suezette Wiggins – District 5

Audit Report No. (Finding No.)	Program/Area	Brief Description	Status	Comments
2018-162 (2017-001)	Financial Condition	District controls over the budgetary and financial reporting processes were deficient. These deficient controls contributed to the District's General Fund total assigned and unassigned fund balance declining 136 percent from \$672,874 to a deficit of \$239,978, representing a fund balance reduction of \$912,852. As a result, the District has fewer resources for emergencies and unforeseen situations.	Fully Corrected	

"Changing Lives Through Quality Education" www.hamiltonfl.com



Hamilton County School District

Business Services Department 5683 US Highway 129 South, Suite 1 Jasper, Florida 32052

Phone: 386.792.1228 - Fax: 386.792.3681

Rex L. Mitchell, Superintendent

Michael D. Vinson Jr., Director of Business Services

School Board Members

Cheryl McCall – District 1 Gary Godwin – District 2 Saul Speights – District 3 Johnny Bullard – District 4 Suezette Wiggins – District 5

March 13, 2019

Hamilton County District School Board Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Finding Number: 2018-001.

Planned Corrective Action: The District is revising update access privileges for the Director of

Business Services to ensure maximum data security while continuing to allow for operational efficiency. In addition, the District has implemented procedures to ensure documented periodic evaluations

of IT access privileges.

Anticipated Completion Date: June 30, 2019

Responsible Contact Person: Michael D Vinson Jr, Director of Business Services

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